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54 Parallel rule-based data transmission method and apparatus.

57 A parallel rule-based data transmission method and apparatus is described comprising multiple computer ports, modems, and multiple data transmission channels. The invention incorporates hardware and software data compression, automatic line selection and port allocation, data file segmentation and reassembly and simultaneous data transmission over multiple communications channels and their associated modems or ISDN interfaces. The invention allows a true multi-tasking environment to exist over inexpensive data communication channels thereby increasing the speed of data transmission as well as decreasing the cost associated with such transmission.

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to data transmission systems and more specifically to a multiple telephone line/multiple modem rule based parallel data transmission systems.

5 The novelty of the invention lies in the integration of existing devices, products and networks along with software and firmware which makes the process of data transmission much more efficient, less costly and less time consuming. By utilizing low cost dial-up telephone lines and data compression techniques inherent in the hardware and software, in concert with rule-based file distribution and segmentation techniques, the cost of each data character transmitted and received is significantly reduced. Furthermore,
10 the speed at which data is transferred is increased by an order of magnitude over that normally available for dial-up service.

In effect, the economic viability of leased line or other dedicated data circuits is greatly diminished while increasing the economic viability of other low cost data communications channels such as dial-up telephone circuits as a cost effective alternative.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Multi channel data transfer has been described in patents issued to Giorgio (Patent No. 4,862,456 and Patent No. 4,864,567) and to Nash (Patent No. 4,577,312). However, these patents either use a central
20 office switch or similar system to obtain simultaneous transmission which requires additional equipment and expense or do not comprise compression of data or multi tasking capabilities thereby limiting the over all throughput of data. Further none of these systems use a rule-based approach to the file management associated with transmission of large amounts of data.

In contrast, the present invention does not suffer from any of these restrictions. The present invention
25 does not require any additional equipment beyond a normal computer with communication channels and modems. Further the present invention employs compression algorithms to further speed the transmission of data and executes in a multi-tasking environment to give further throughput of information. These factors, together with the use of a rule-based system of file management and channel selection renders the current invention extremely fast and easy to use, with a minimum of operator interaction.

30 Data files are read from the directory of a computer and analyzed as to their data content, format and category (i.e. binary, ASCII text, image format, etc.). Individual files or parts of individual files are then directed to any number of attached modems and their respective dial-up circuits. Data files are received at the remote end, and if segmented, re-appended (reconstructed) and stored on the remote end disk system component of a computer which is also equipped with multiple modems and multiple dial-up circuits.
35 Individual line speeds exceed 60kbps (6,000 characters per second) while aggregate baud rates (data throughput rates) are only limited by the number of lines and modems available for transmission.

In the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) embodiment, utilizing 64KBps or faster channels, individual data rates exceed 300KBPS while aggregate data throughput is only limited by the number of ISDN circuits (and associated ISDN interfaces) available at both ends of the transmission system.

40 The system utilizes a novel file naming convention which enables the computer hardware and software to optimize data compression and/or file segmentation in order to achieve maximum data throughput. Destination address (telephone number) data are automatically computed based upon unique data file suffix interpretation.

A user friendly software front-end system is provided to automatically configure the system to the
45 individual requirements of the user.

Data throughput rates are achieved which were hitherto only accomplished utilizing expensive leased data circuits operating at data rates of from 4800 to 56KBPS or higher or other non-switched dedicated services. The system also facilitates switching of data which is not normally possible when leased lines (i.e., point to point) are utilized.

50 It is therefore an objective of the present invention to employ an expert system/rule-based approach to data transmission to minimize operator interaction in such data transmission, yet maximize the speed of transmission of data files of any type.

It is another objective of the present invention to provide a cost effective system of data transmission that is similar in performance to more expensive leased lines or dedicated higher capacity data transmission
55 lines but which relies upon the use of low-cost communications channels such as dial-up service.

It is another objective of the present invention to further reduce communications costs by conducting as much file related manipulation as possible off line.

It is yet another objective of the present invention to provide a low cost replacement for more

sophisticated and expensive data transmission controllers such as the IBM 3725 or 3705, or similar communications front end systems.

Further it is an objective of the present invention to provide rapid data communication in both foreign and domestic ISDN standard environments.

5

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The Parallel Rule-Based Data Transmission method and apparatus comprises several major components:

- 10 A. Multiple computer systems equipped with communications ports to send and receive data,
- B. Multiple modems attached to multiple communications ports on each computer system,
- C. Multiple telephone company dial-up lines or other data transmission media attached to each computer (both sending and receiving units),
- 15 D. Rule-based data communications software programs providing multi-tasking and multiprogramming capabilities to divide or segment files to facilitate simultaneous transmission and reception of data based upon the number of telephone lines or data transmission channels and modems utilized.

The computer system is a low cost conventional 80286, 386 or 486 based PC or other computer (such as those based on Motorola 68000 or other CPU) having the ability to run the rule-based software that is used for the data transmission management. It will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art that other computers capable of running rule-based systems which are not based on these same chips are still viable processors for the invention with only slight changes to the software disclosed. The computer further comprises multiple communication ports to facilitate the multi channel simultaneous transmission of data. Each computer system can transmit data to or receive data from any other computer system similarly equipped without regard to distance or individual line conditions. Provisions are made for ISDN compatibility through the automatic distribution of data files or their components to each ISDN B channel connected.

Multiple modems on a single computer are employed to serve as the outgoing telecommunication equipment for simultaneous transmission of segmented (where appropriate) data files. The modems also employ data compression/decompression means to further speed the parallel transmission of data, and to decompress incoming data "on-the-fly" thus further reducing communication time. The invention uses standard run length encoding or Huffman encoding as its data compression scheme for ASCII data and a standard commercially available data compression algorithm known as CommPressor available from Adaptive computer Technologies, Santa Clara, CA. Data are compressed via hardware and software techniques to levels up to or in excess of 6:1 thus elevating data transmission rates on standard telephone lines to in excess of 6,000 characters per second per line utilized. Thus through simultaneous use of multiple data channels the aggregate data transmission rate is only limited by the number of communications channels available.

Multiple dial-up lines are used as the basic transmission medium over which the present invention sends its data. These lines are much less expensive than dedicated leased lines thereby yielding a further financial advantage of users of the present invention. It is important to note however, and it will be readily apparent to those skilled in the art of telecommunications that other transmission media also exist for which the present invention is equally applicable. For example, radio frequency links, satellite data communication, laser communication, fiber optic links and others are all candidate transmission media for use with the present invention. Collectively, these are referred to as transmission media. The transmission channels refer to the transmission media together with the send and receive ports and modems.

The system incorporates several rule-based computer software programs which facilitate data file segmentation, data compression, and reconstruction, as well as error detection and correction and automatic transmission speed control responsive to the condition of each individual transmission channel. Further rules relating to Least Cost Routing are also employed to further minimize costs. In addition, software provides automatic dialing directories based upon a novel file naming convention, selective adaptive compression based upon data file contents and automatic retry if a line is dropped or intentionally interrupted. If one circuit is inordinately noisy, the invention senses the problem automatically, automatically reallocates the data to be transmitted to less noisy channels and all other communications channels will adjust to accept the increased load automatically until the noise level decreases. The communications software currently in use is the Relay Gold Communications software package available from Microcom, Inc. Other such communications packages can also be used as a substitute for Relay Gold.

Table lookup software programs are provided to automatically dial the correct destination telephone number or other equipment address to which data files will be transmitted based upon the naming conventions utilized in each file group to be transmitted. Each group of files may be associated with and

targeted for any number of individual telephone numbers or addresses thus providing multiple simultaneous transmission/reception circuits only limited by the number of lines, ports and modems/ISDN circuits available. Each destination site or equipment, as previously stated, has a computer(s) each with multiple modems with separate addresses or telephone numbers. These modems receive the parallel transmission of multiple files or segmented files simultaneously.

File segmentation is the process by which the present invention examines the number of transmission channels available, based upon the number of sending and receiving modems available, and divides the file or files to be sent, more or less evenly among the available channels. Rules exist for the orderly segmentation of files as explained below. The actual segmentation occurs at points in the file where a division of that file naturally occurs (such as a carriage return entry). Alternatively to the extent that addresses on a network are designated in a specific pattern an algorithmic determination of the address can be substituted for the table look-up procedure.

All file segmentation (file division) and file reconstruction processes take place off-line, while the computers are not communicating, thus reducing "connect time" expense. For example, a file of 2,000,000 characters is automatically divided by the number of transmission channels available and each segment is directed to a different channel. Segment prefixes and suffixes are added to the file to denote how the segment relates to one another. At the destination, the data file segments are reassembled to recreate the individual file as it was originally input to the transmission equipment. Reassembly is the act of reading the file segment identifier information (segment prefixes and suffixes) appended to the segments and contained in a special file (known as MAP.DAT) file and using that information together with segment identification information to "piece" the file back together into its original form.

The present invention allows for data to be transmitted in a highly flexible way. Single files may be simultaneously transmitted to multiple locations. Alternatively multiple files may also be transmitted to single or multiple locations simultaneously. This multi-tasking occurs from a single copy of the software. There is no requirement for multiple copies of the software to be running for each transmission session. Data transmission sessions run from a single RAM resident copy of the program. This has the obvious advantage of preserving RAM space for other applications or to allow the transmission process to occur in a speedy fashion.

Once the system has been configured and files loaded, the rule-based software operates automatically to perform the necessary file management and segmentation functions. All such functions are performed without any need for operator intervention. After transmissions are complete, the system automatically terminates its data transmission session and readies itself for the next series of data transfers.

Transmission channel allocation optimization is accomplished by the software system via a series of rules which determine file segmentation. The segmentation is characteristically based on the number of files to be transmitted, their respective sizes and contents, their compression attributes, and the number of available communication equipment (modems) at both the transmission and destination locations. Optimization software then allocates the optimal number and type of files to each data transmission channel for subsequent transmission. If one or more of the destination ports is busy or otherwise inoperable, the system redistributes targeted data files automatically to the remaining operable channels (ports) for transmission on a first-in-first out (FIFO) basis. Further, the present invention automatically monitors the transmission channel itself to determine that the channel is operating properly and is not inordinately noisy. If the transmission channel malfunctions, the invention senses this failure, and the software reallocates the data file or segments to be sent to the transmission channels that are functioning properly.

The resident software also provides full reporting capability to the user including file(s) transmitted, destination(s), throughput achieved and associated error detection and correction statistics.

The present invention relies upon several novel file and file suffix naming and interpretation conventions in order to achieve full automation without user intervention. User file naming rules are integrated into a table lookup facility inherent in the software which determines file collating sequences when files are segmented and reassembled. The software sorts files by type, size and structure, looks up and determines, based upon three character (or more) file suffix (alphanumeric) destination telephone numbers or addresses for each group of files to be transmitted. This information is then passed to the operating system software and actual telephone numbers are then loaded into memory and passed to the modem(s) for off hook dialing.

The rule-based software then determines the sizes of files and counts number of files to be sent. If number of available ports exceeds number of files or there is only one file to be transmitted, file segmentation is invoked above a certain threshold size. File(s) are divided based upon number of complete transmission channels available and segments are marked for reassembly. File segments are then sub-labeled with new prefixes indicating their component serial level and prepared for transmission.

Data compression occurs based upon the type of data being sent (ASCII or binary). The type of data is determined by the system and the data compression peculiar to that type of data is applied by the modem and software as the data is transmitted (as discussed above). Similarly, the destination modem decompresses the data as it is received, first determining via a transmitted identifier, the type of data compression used.

At the destination, file segmentation detected via the presence of a special file known as a MAP.DAT file, segment serial numbers are sorted and files are reassembled subsequent to disk storage at which time file naming conventions are reinvented. It is important to note that file segmentation and reassembly functions take place off line (on hook) so as to minimize telephone line connect time and its attendant expense.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- Figure 1. The Preliminary Data Transmission Flow
- Figure 2. The Preliminary Data Transmission Flow-Continued
- Figure 3. The Data Transmission and Monitoring Flow
- Figure 4. The Data Transmission and Monitoring Flow-Continued
- Figure 5. Data Receiving Flow
- Figure 6. Incoming Data file or File Segment Processing.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring to Figure 1, the transmission process is described.

The invention first ascertains the user identity and whether the user will be transmitting or receiving data [10]. If transmitting data, the invention assigns file names to the data to be sent including suffixes which uniquely identify the destination telephone numbers or addresses [11].

The invention next reads the data file presented for transmission. The file is configured for subsequent operations [12]. After configuration the Volume Table of Contents (VTOC) is read [13]. A directory is opened for the storage of the data file(s) to be transmitted [14] and the configured file is stored in the designated directory [15]. Simultaneously with the storage, the file parameters are determined (size etc.).

The files so stored are next scanned and formats are determined for the transmission of the files [16]. In addition, the suffixes to any files are interpreted to determine the destination of the file [16].

Based upon the files scanned and the interpretation of the suffixes, a table lookup file is addressed to determine the telephone number or address of the destination [18]. These telephone numbers are then loaded for the dial-up calls to be made subsequently by the multiple modems [33]. In preparation for the transmission of files, the data files are collated [17] and the total number of bytes to be transmitted are determined [19]. The optimal segmentation of the file for transmission is next calculated [20] (if appropriate) based upon certain segmentation rules. Finally, the file is segmented for subsequent transmission [21].

The file segmentation rules apply the following criteria:

1. If the number of available complete transmission channels (i.e. a transmission modem with corresponding receiving modem) exceeds the number of files to be sent, segment the files, provided that the files exceed a certain threshold. (In the case of the preferred embodiment the threshold is set at 2 KB. Other thresholds can also be set).
2. If the number of available complete transmission channels does not exceed the number files to be sent and the files are more or less equal (as further explained below) allocate the files evenly over the available transmission channels without segmentation.
3. If the number of available channels is equal to or less than the number of files but the file sizes are disproportionate to one another, then segment to achieve optimum throughput. "Disproportionate" size is determined by examining the Volume Table of Contents to determine the various file sizes. If the largest file is more than twice the size of the next largest file, the largest file will be segmented and allocated to more than one transmission channel.

The invention also incorporates a rule based subsystem to optimize the cost associated with data transfers based upon the types of communications channels available to the user and their respective relative costs per character transmitted. This function is invoked via a least cost routing table which takes into account:

- Time of day/day of week tariff charges and discounts.
- Distance sensitive (i.e. NPA/NXX/VH) tables which articulate the cost per minute of connection based upon the distance of the individual call or calls.

- Anticipated call duration (which is computed based upon total byte count divided by the number of connections available at both ends of the connection.) sensitivity.

The cost optimization algorithm predicts the lowest possible connection cost (i.e. selecting the least expensive lines for each respective communications session) based upon the types and categories of channels available to the user which might include:

- standard dial up telephone lines.
- PBX dial access trunks.
- Tie (dedicated circuit) lines.
- Flat cost per minute dial up lines.
- Microwave Central Office bypass circuits.
- Other Central Office bypass circuits.
- Volume discount dial up circuits.
- Time of day/day of week discount dial up circuits.

Any combination of these and other channels available to the user at both ends of the communication link can be used for purposes of these calculations.

Provision is made for the updating of all tariff tables in order to assure that current cost data is maintained and properly applied to each communications based file transfer.

Referring to Figure 3 the transmission process is further described. The invention next determines if binary files are present (vs ASCII files) [30]. If binary files are present, the invention invokes a binary data compression algorithm [31]. If binary files are not present an ASCII file compression algorithm is invoked [32]. Once the file segmentation is accomplished, the multiple modems of the invention are dialed [33] based upon the telephone numbers or channel addresses loaded from the lookup table [18].

The VTOC of the receiving computer is tested [34] to determine if appropriate space is available to receive all of the files about to be transmitted. If insufficient space is available the transmission session is terminated and an error message is displayed at the transmitting system. The files are subsequently transmitted over the multiple modems [35]. Transmission channel quality and status are continuously monitored during the course of transmission [35]. If line quality remains adequate transmission continues [37]. If line quality falls below minimum standards of signal-to-noise ratio the remaining untransmitted segments are reallocated to those transmission channels that are functioning properly [36] and transmitted on a FIFO basis. At the end of the transmission the system detects the end of transmission (ETX) [38] signal, and transmits a hang up tone and terminates the transmission over the various telephone lines [39]. At this point the invention is off-line. The invention next writes reports [40] that include segment size, transmission time, errors encountered and aggregate throughput and the system returns to the start point ready for the next transmission.

Referring to Figure 5, the receive and decompression function is described. The receiving system is first configured to accept files that will be transmitted to it [50]. A directory is opened to receive the incoming data [51] and the multiple modems are set and Data Terminal Ready (DTR) is established [52]. The answer mode is set on the modems and the system awaits the transmission of data [53]. When transmission begins the incoming ring is detected and the modems answer the incoming calls [54]. Based upon incoming information, the compression scheme of the incoming data is determined [55]. The data is decompressed [56] in accordance with the appropriate decompression algorithm.

Referring to Figure 6 the receive and decompression process is further described. After the data is decompressed the invention determines if file segmentation has occurred. This is accomplished by determining if segment file entitled MAP.DAT exists [57]. The MAP.DAT file is a file that comprises instructions for how a file has been segmented and is the primary input to the file reassembly subroutine to allow the segmented file to be reassembled. If the MAP.DAT file exists, the reassembly subroutine is called and loaded into RAM [59] together with the data from the MAP.DAT file. At the same time that segmentation is being detected, the decompressed data is stored for subsequent operations [58]. The invention next continuously monitors incoming data for the "end of transmission" (ETX) signal [60]. Once this signal is sensed, the system goes off-line [61] and processing continues. For those files that were segmented for data transmission, the invention reads the file collating information in the MAP.DAT file and reassembles the segments and stores them [58] into the original file format [62].

If the MAP.DAT file is not detected [57] the invention detects the end of transmission signal [60] and goes off line [61]. Non-segmented data can then be recalled from storage [58] for subsequent display [64] storage [63], printing [65] and/or report writing [66]. The system is thereafter returned to the starting point for receipt of the next data file.

An important aspect of the invention is the file naming convention mentioned above. A three (or more) character file suffix is utilized which is equivalent to the "target" destination address (i.e., telephone number)

to which the file is to be transmitted. Valid entries are any combination of alphanumerics (i.e., a-z, 000-999), which are then related to a table which specifies from one to any number of target telephone numbers to be utilized for file transfers.

File name identifiers (prefixes) are composed of eight or more alphanumeric characters which correspond to the individual user's internal file naming conventions. The latter forms the basis for the resulting file collating sequence. An example might be a series of image files for a medical diagnostic procedure where the first five characters are the x-ray number of the patient, followed by the image number where:

- R12345001 is the file name.
- R12345 is the x-ray number.
- 001 is the image number for that patient.

Thus, files conforming to this format would be directed as follows:

R12345001.xxx, R12345002.xxx, R12345003.xxx

All of the above file names contain the suffix xxx. The table entry identifies that suffix as telephone numbers 1-n and those numbers are loaded for subsequent dialing. Files are sorted by prefix and loaded for transmission and are received at the remote location in the collated order. In the event that the user requires file transfers between minicomputers and mainframes, the invention also provides terminal emulation capability for the IBM 3270 and 3101, the DEC VT100, 220 and 240 and Telex and TTY modes as well as other terminal emulations and transmission protocols.

While the embodiment just described may employ single byte (such as the 8250 chip) communications buffers another embodiment employs multiple byte communications buffering (such as the 16550AH FIFO interrupt driven buffer.) Yet another embodiment eliminates the serial port/UART (universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter) combination completely and substitutes the parallel computer port as the communications interface medium. The latter embodiment provides data transfers at rates exceeding four times that of a standard serial port modem connection.

While the source code to be executed may reside on the computer's disk drive for loading into its random access memory, it may also reside in EPROMS as an electronic disk. The latter embodiment provides greater speed of execution, enhanced security from tampering and greater ease of installation.

On the following pages, the software of the preferred embodiment is presented. It will be apparent from certain of the annotations that this software is adapted to a medical application, specifically that of transmitting image files between locations. However, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that the present invention can be utilized to transmit all manner of data files and is not limited by the application presented. Thus it will be apparent to those skilled in the art that new applications for the invention may be devised without departure from the spirit and scope of the invention as claimed.

```

* SCRIPT: CONFIG. SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Front-end interface to CONFIG.DAT

5      on error
      clear

* Subordinate phy's support on ?
      global &HIER
10     if (&1 = HIER) then &HIER = Y
      else &HIER = N

* Get script application drive
      &APPLDR = &option(SDRIVE)

15     * Make sure path is suffixed with a backslash
      if (&substr(&APPLDR, &length(&APPLDR), 1) <> '\') then
&APPLDR = "&APPLDR\"

      &MESSAGE2 = "TAB-Next Field  ENTER-Done  F1-Phy/Tel Maint
ESC-Abort  F10-Help"
20     &MESSAGE1 = ""
      &PATHSPEC = ""
      &SPEEDCHK = "50, 75, 110, 135, 150, 300, 450, 600, 1200,
1800, 2000, 2400, 3600, 4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400,"
      &PORTCHK = "COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, COM5, COM6, COM7, COM8,
HOSTS, IBMSHARE, NONE, IRMA, IBM, FORTE, IBMLDFT, IBMSDFT, SPECIAL,
25     NPCSHARE, NACSHARE, USER1, USER2, COM3PC, COM4PC, GATEWAY,"
      &MODCHK = "T, CD, 9, H, S, HV, PC, AX, QX, MT, C, P, V, W,
X, R, B, BI, E, US, O, I, M, A, D, HC,"
      &FIRSTSUB = Y

30     * If configuration file exists, then continue
      if exists &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT then goto CONT1

* Otherwise, init all vars in panel to blanks
      gosub INITBL 1
      goto CONT3

35     -CONT1
* Open configuration file
      open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for input
      &hrc = &RC
      if (&hrc <> 0) then read line &Q1 "qCould not open file
40     &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Process aborted. Press ENTER."
      then stop

* loop to read all records
      &RECCNT = 0
      &ELEM = 1
45     loop READREC *
      read file #1 &RECSTR          ;* read a record
      if not found then goto CONT2  ;* if EOF then jump out

      &RECCNT = &RECCNT + 1 ;* increment record counter

50

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* If 1st record being processed, then assign to path-specification
  if (&RECCNT = 1) then &PATHSPEC = &trim(&RECSTR)
  then goto READREC

5      argstring &RECSTR      ;* break-out tokens
      parse "--" ...        ;* use tilde as delimiter

* Check for illegal # of tokens
  if (&N <> 6) then read line &Q1 "qIllegal # of tokens in
10  record &ELEM - Record ignored. Press ENTER."
                                     t h e n
&ENT&ELEM="";&NUM&ELEM="";&SPEED&ELEM="";&PTYPE&ELEM="";&MTYPE&EL
EM="";&NAME&ELEM=""

* Otherwise, assign token from record to panel vars
15      else &ENT&ELEM=&trim(&1)
      else &NUM&ELEM=&trim(&2)
      else &SPEED&ELEM=&trim(&3)
      else &PTYPE&ELEM=&trim(&4)
      else &MTYPE&ELEM=&trim(&5)
      else &NAME&ELEM=&trim(&6)
20      &ELEM = &ELEM + 1
-READREC

-CONT2
* Clear all remaining panel vars
  gosub INITBL &ELEM
25  close #1

-CONT3
  display panel CONFIG

-CONT4
30  display input &RESPONSE
  if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) and (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) and
  (&RESPONSE <> F10) and (&RESPONSE <> F1)
  then msg "qInvalid response ..."
  then goto CONT4

35  if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then msg "qModifications not saved
... Exiting to DOS."
  then wait 3
  then stop

40  if (&RESPONSE = F10) then gosub HELP1
  then goto CONT4

  if (&RESPONSE <> F1) then goto CONT56

* Assumed tel maint ops
45  gosub SAVEDATA F1
  &HRC = &rc

* Errors in COMM SCREEN ?
  if (&HRC = 1) then goto CONT4
50
55

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```

* If 1st time request for tel maint then init
  if (&.FLAG1 = &FLAG1) then &FLAG1 = Y
  then &PG = 0
  then &DPG = 1
5   then msg "qOne moment please ..."
  then gosub READTEL
  msg "q "
  &CURUPD = N
-DISPAG
10  display panel CONFIG0.PNL

* Place cursor on particular field ?
  if (&CURUPD = Y) then display cursor &LASTFLD
-CONT99
  &MESSAGE1 = ""
15  if (&HIER = Y) then &STUFF = "F2-Subordinate Physician's
  "
  else &STUFF = ""
  if (&PG = 0) then &MESSAGE1 = "TAB-Next Field  ENTER-Done
PGDN-Next Page  F1-Comm Maint"
  then &MESSAGE2 = "&STUFF ESC-Abort  F10-Help"
20  if (&PG = 9) then &MESSAGE1 = "TAB-Next Field  ENTER-Done
PGUP-Previous Page  F1-Comm Maint"
  then &MESSAGE2 = "&STUFF ESC-Abort  F10-Help"
  if (&PG >= 1) and (&PG <= 8) then &MESSAGE1 = "TAB-Next
Field  ENTER-Done  PGDN-Next Page  PGUP-Previous Page"
25  then &MESSAGE2 = "&STUFF F1-Comm Maint  ESC-Abort
F10-Help"
  display output
  display input &RESPONSE

* Valid responses
30  if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) and (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) and
  (&RESPONSE <> F10) and (&RESPONSE <> F1) and (&RESPONSE <> F2) and
  (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) and (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) and (&HIER = Y)
  then msg "qInvalid response ..."
  then goto CONT99

35  if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) and (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) and
  (&RESPONSE <> F10) and (&RESPONSE <> F1) and (&RESPONSE <> PGDN)
  and (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) and (&HIER = N)
  then msg "qInvalid response ..."
  then goto CONT99

40  * Check for pages 1 and 10 for Page Up and Page Down limits
  if (&RESPONSE = PGUP) and (&PG = 0) then msg "qNo more
previous pages ..."
  then goto CONT99
  if (&RESPONSE = PGDN) and (&PG = 9) then msg "qNo more
45  pages available ..."
  then goto CONT99

  if (&RESPONSE <> F10) then goto CONT23

* HELP ops.
50

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55

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display save
if (&HIER = Y) then display panel CONFIGHT
else display panel CONFIGHX
5
-USERINP2
display input &RESPONSE
if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) then goto USERINP2
display restore
goto CONT99
10
-CONT23
* ESCAPE ops.
if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then msg "qModifications not saved
... Exiting to DOS."
then wait 3
15 then stop

* F1 ops.; jump back to comm maint
if (&RESPONSE = F1) then &MESSAGE2 = "TAB-Next Field
ENTER-Done F1-Phy/Tel Maint ESC-Abort F10-Help"
then &MESSAGE1 = ""
20 then goto CONT3

* F2 ops. (subordinate phy's)
&CURUPD = N
if (&RESPONSE = F2)
25 then gosub DOSUBORD
then &CURUPD = Y
then goto DISPAG

if (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) then goto CONT34

* ENTER ops.
30 gosub SAVEDATA
&hrc = &RC

* If any invalid data in comm maint screen, then show user
if (&hrc = 1) then goto CONT3
35 -CONT34

* For page up/down increment/decrement page counters
if (&RESPONSE = PGUP) then &PG = &PG - 1
then &DPG = &DPG - 1
then goto CONT99
40 if (&RESPONSE = PGDN) then &PG = &PG + 1
then &DPG = &DPG + 1
then goto CONT99
msg "qInvalid response ..."
goto CONT99

* TEL MAIN OPS
45 * User pressed ENTER
-CONT56
gosub SAVEDATA
&hrc = &RC
50
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```

    if (&hrc = 1) then goto CONT4

* Subroutine to read TEL.DAT file into ram vars
-READTEL
5
* If TEL.DAT file doesn't exists, then initialize panel vars in 1st
screen
    if not exists &APPLDR.TEL.DAT then gosub INITPG
    then return
    open &APPLDR.TEL.DAT as #1 for input
10
    &TELREC = 0
    loop TEL1 *
        read file #1 &RECSTR
        if not found then goto CONT78          ;* EOF ?
        argstring &RECSTR
        parse "--" ...
15
        if (&N <> 2) then goto TEL1          ;* if not 2 tokens
    then invalid
        &TELREC = &TELREC + 1
        &P&TELREC = &1                      ;* assign physician
        &T&TELREC = &2                      ;* assign tel. #
20
-TEL1
-CONT78
    close #1
    gosub INITPG      ;* init unused fields to null
    return

25
* Subroutine to init vars in panel
-INITPG
* NOTE: 57 phy's per screen X 10 screens
    &XCNT = 1
    loop DOINIT 570

30
* If var is not initialized yet, then set to null
    if (&.P&XCNT = &P&XCNT) then &P&XCNT = ""
    if (&.T&XCNT = &T&XCNT) then &T&XCNT = ""
    &XCNT = &XCNT + 1
-DOINIT
    return
35

* Subroutine to init vars in panel
-INITBL
    &PARM1 = &1
    &CNT = &1
40
    loop INITA while (&CNT <= 8)

    &ENT&CNT="";&NUM&CNT="";&SPEED&CNT="";&PTYPE&CNT="";&MTYPE&CNT="";
    &NAME&CNT=""
    &CNT = &CNT + 1
45
-INITA
    return

* Subroutine to save panel data
-SAVEDATA
50

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&PARM1 = &1

* Make sure receive path is valid
5   &PATHSPEC = &trim(&PATHSPEC)
    if (&substr(&PATHSPEC, &length(&PATHSPEC), 1) <> '\') then
&HSPEC = "&PATHSPEC\*.*"
    else &HSPEC = "&PATHSPEC*.*"
    if (&fvalid(&HSPEC) = YES) then goto CONT5
    msg "qRECEIVE PATH invalid."
10   display cursor 1
    return 1

* Validate each entry
-CONT5
15   &CNT = 1
    loop VALIDATE 8
    &ENT&CNT = &trim(&ENT&CNT)

* If entry name is null, then get next record
    if (&ENT&CNT = "") then goto INCR

20  * Validate port #
    &NUM&CNT = &trim(&NUM&CNT)
    if (&NUM&CNT > 0) and (&NUM&CNT < 16) then goto CONT6
    if (&NUM&CNT = "ANY") or (&NUM&CNT = "SHR") then goto
CONT6
25   msg "qInvalid PORT # for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
    substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 3)
    return 1

-CONT6
* Validate modem speed
30   &SPEED&CNT = &trim(&SPEED&CNT)
    if (&instr("&SPEEDCHK",&SPEED&CNT,") > 0) then goto
CONT7
    msg "qInvalid MODEM SPEED for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
    substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 4)
    return 1

35  -CONT7
* Validate Port Type
    &PTYPE&CNT = &trim(&PTYPE&CNT)
    if (&instr("&PORTCHK",&PTYPE&CNT,") > 0) then goto CONT8
    msg "qInvalid PORT TYPE for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
40   substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 5)
    return 1

-CONT8
* Validate Modem Type
45   &MTYPE&CNT = &trim(&MTYPE&CNT)
    if (&instr("&MODCHK",&MTYPE&CNT,") > 0) then goto CONT9
    msg "qInvalid MODEM TYPE for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
    substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 6)
    return 1

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-CONT9
* Validate Modem Name/Class
  &NAME&CNT = &trim(&NAME&CNT)
  if ("&PTYPE&CNT" = "HOSTS") then goto CHECKHST
5   else goto INCR

* Since PORT TYPE is HOSTS, make sure MODEM NAME/CLASS has 3 tokens
  separated by
  * a blank
-CHKHST
10
    if (&NAME&CNT = "") then &FLAGNG = Y
    else &FLAGNG = N
    else argstring &NAME&CNT
    else parse " " ...

15    if (&N <> 3) or (&FLAGNG = Y) then smsg "qInvalid format
for MODEM NAME/CLASS for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
    then substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 7)
    then return 1

20  -CONT10

  -INCR
    &CNT = &CNT + 1
  -VALIDATE
    smsg "qUpdating configuration files ... one moment please"
25
* If only validation required, then return
  if (&PARM1 = "F1") then return 0

* All fields were valid. Write records to configuration file.
  open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for output
30  &hrc = &RC
  if (&hrc <> 0) then read line &Q1 "qCould not open file
&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Process aborted. Press ENTER."
  then stop
  write file #1 "&PATHSPEC"

35  &CNT = 1
  loop WRITE1 8

* If Entry Name is blank, then don't write this record
  if (&ENT&CNT = "") then goto NEXTREC
40  write file #1
"&ENT&CNT~&NUM&CNT~&SPEED&CNT~&PTYPE&CNT~&MTYPE&CNT~&NAME&CNT"
-NEXTREC
    &CNT = &CNT + 1
  -WRITE1
    close #1
45

* If tel # panel never accessed, then skip write
  if (&.P1 = &P1) then goto DONE2
* Sort physician/telephone arrays
  sortarray &P 570 ORDER &T
50

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open &APPLDR.TEL.DAT as #1 for output
&CNT = 1
loop WRITE2 570
    if (&trim(&P&CNT) = "") or (&trim(&T&CNT) = "") then goto
5 INCR3
    write file #1 "&left(&trim(&P&CNT),3)~&trim(&T&CNT)"
    -INCR3
    &CNT = &CNT + 1
    -WRITE2
    close #1
10 -DONE2
* If subordinate phy screen never accessed, then skip write
    if (&FIRSTSUB = Y) then goto DONE3
    sortarray &M &HTOT
    open &APPLDR.HIER.DAT as #1 for output
    &CNT = 1
15 loop WRITESUB &HTOT
    if (&trim(&M&CNT) = "") then goto WRITESUB
    write file #1 "&M&CNT"
    -WRITESUB &CNT = &CNT + 1
    -DONE3
    smsg "qUpdate to configuration files complete..."
    wait 2
    stop

* Help routine
-HELP1

25 * Make sure user's cursor is on an input field
    if (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "T") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1)
= "O") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "0")
    then smsg "qWhen selecting help, make sure cursor is on an
input field."
30 then return
    &FLD = &substr(&SFIELD,2)      ;* get input field number
    display save                  ;* save video

* Help for receive file
    if (&FLD = 1) then display panel CONFIGH1
35 then goto USERINP
    if ((&FLD \ 6) = 0) then &FLD = 5
    else &FLD = &FLD \ 6 - 1

* Help for entry name
    if (&FLD = "1") then display panel CONFIGH2
40 then goto USERINP

* Help for port number
    if (&FLD = "2") then display panel CONFIGH3
    then goto USERINP

45 * Help for modem speed
    if (&FLD = "3") then display panel CONFIGH4
    then goto USERINP

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* Help for port type
  if (&FLD <> "4") then goto CONT11

5  -CONT12      display panel CONFIGH5
-CONT13      display input &RESPONSE
              if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
              then return
10             if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT13
              display panel CONFIGH6

-CONT14      display input &RESPONSE
              if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
15             then return
              if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT14
              goto CONT12

* Help for modem type
-CONT11      if (&FLD <> "5") then goto CONT15
-CONT16      display panel CONFIGH7
-CONT17      display input &RESPONSE
25             if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
              then return
              if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT17
              display panel CONFIGH8

-CONT18      display input &RESPONSE
30             if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
              then return
              if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT18
              goto CONT16

-CONT15
35  * Help for modem name or class
      if (&FLD <> "0") then goto USERINP
-CONT19      display panel CONFIGH9
-CONT20      display input &RESPONSE
40             if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
              then return
              if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT20
              display panel CONFIGHA

-CONT21
45             display input &RESPONSE
              if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
              then return
              if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT21
50
55

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        goto CONT19

* Wait until user presses escape
-USERINP
5      display input &RESPONSE
      if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) then goto USERINP
      else display restore
      else return

10     * Subroutine for subordinate phy ops.
      -DOSUBORD

      * Make sure user's cursor is on an input field
        if (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "T") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1)
15     = "O") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "0")
        then msg "qWhen selecting F2, make sure cursor is on an
input field."
        then return

      * Get index to array &P
20      &FPOS = &substr(&SFIELD,2)/2
      &RPOS = &substr(&SFIELD,2)\2
      &LASTFLD = &substr(&SFIELD,2)
      &FPOS = &PG * 57 + &FPOS + &RPOS

      * Make sure physician specified in input field
25      if (&trim(&P&FPOS) = "") then msg "qNo physician specified
in input field."
      then return

      * If 1st time in subord. ops. then read HIER.DAT into RAM
        if (&FIRSTSUB = N) then goto CONT67
30      &FIRSTSUB = N          ;* set 1st time flag to NO
      &HTOT = 0
      if not exists &APPLDR.HIER.DAT then goto CONT67
      open &APPLDR.HIER.DAT as #1 for input
      loop READHIER *
35      read file #1 &RECSTR
      if not found then goto OUT1
      &HTOT = &HTOT + 1
      &M&HTOT = &RECSTR

      -READHIER
      -OUT1
40      close #1
      -CONT67

      * Find match for current physician against master phy in HIER.DAT
      &HCNT = 1
      loop CHECKHR &HTOT
45      if (&P&FPOS = &substr(&M&HCNT,1,3)) then goto CONT91
      &HCNT = &HCNT + 1

      -CHECKHR
      * No match
      &XXC = 1
50
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      &HCNT = END      ;* flag for new element in array &M
      goto CONT92
-CONT91
* Break out subordinate phy's into vars for panel
5   argstring &M&HCNT
    parse "-" ...

* If only master phy specified, then skip subordinate process
    &XC = 2      ;* start at 2nd parm
    if (&N = 1) then &XXC = 1; then goto CONT92
10   loop DUMPSUB &calc(&N - 1)
      &XXC = &XC - 1
      &S&XXC = &S&XC      ;* assign sub phy
      &XC = &XC + 1
-DUMPSUB
    &XXC = &XXC + 1
15
-CONT92
* Clear all unused panels fields
    loop CLEARALL while (&XXC <= 18)
      &S&XXC = ""
      &XXC = &XXC + 1
20 -CLEARALL
    &MESSAGE3 = ""
    &MESSAGE4 = "TAB-Next Field  F2-Phy/Tel Maint  F10-Help"
    &MESSAGE5 = "&P&FPOS" ;* assign master phy to panel var
    display panel CONFIGT1.PNL overlay
-CONT40
25   display input &RESP
    if (&RESP <> F2) and (&RESP <> F10) then smsg "qinvalid
response ..."
    then goto CONT40

30 * Back to tel maint screen ?
    if (&RESP = F2) then gosub SAVESUB
    then return
    if (&RESP <> F10) then goto CONT40

* HELP ops.
35   display save
    display panel CONFIGHS

-USERINP3
    display input &RESP
    if (&RESP <> ESCAPE) then goto USERINP3
40   display restore
    goto CONT40

* Subroutine to save subordinate phy panel variables to a ram array
-SAVESUB
45
* Construct new string in HIER.DAT format
* If flag to append to end of array &M, then increment array
counter
* NOTE: &HTOT represents # elements in array &M
50
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        if (&HCNT = END) then &HTOT = &HTOT + 1
        then &INDEX = &HTOT

5      * Otherwise use current index to array &M
        else &INDEX = &HCNT

        &XXC = 1
        &M&INDEX = "&left(&trim(&P&FPOS),3,' ')-"      ;* assign
master phy
10      loop CONS1 18
        if (&trim(&S&XXC) = "") then goto INCR2
        &S&XXC = "&left(&trim(&S&XXC),3,' ')"
        &M&INDEX = "&M&INDEX..&S&XXC.-"      ;* append subordinate
phy
15      -INCR2
        &XXC = &XXC + 1
-CONS1
        return

```

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```

* Script: DIAG.SCR
*
* Function: Main driving script for Diagnostic PC
5
* Globalize vars
  on error

* Debug on ?
  if (&l = "DEBUG") then define &DEBUG = "Y"
10  then strace newlog
    else define &DEBUG = "N"

* Subordinate phy's support on ?
  global &HIER
  if (&l = HIER) or (&2 = HIER) then &HIER = Y
15  else &HIER = N

* If sequence log file exists, then erase it
  if exists logseq then quiet erase logseq

* Provide mechanism to allow user to abort via function key F10
20  global &GETOUT
    &GETOUT = N
    on attnkey F10 &GETOUT = Y

  clear
25  msg "qInitialization in progress ... one moment please."

  global &APPLDR          ;* application drive
  global &NUMPORTS        ;* # of avail. ports on PC

  global &NUMTEL          ;* # of telephone #s
  global &NUMPHY          ;* # of physicians to call
30  (PC's to call)
    global &RUNREL
    global &TOTMAST      ;* tot # of master phy's

  global &ABORT          ;* editor abort flag
35  &TOTFILES = 0

* Get script application drive
  &APPLDR = &option(SDRIVE)

* Make sure path is suffixed with a backslash
40  if (&substr(&APPLDR, &length(&APPLDR), 1) <> '\') then
    &APPLDR = "&APPLDR\"

* Sort telephone # file (TEL.DAT) by physicians initials (MAJOR)
  to tel # (MINOR)
45  if not exists &APPLDR.TEL.DAT then clear
    then read line &Q1 "q&APPLDR.TEL.DAT does not exists.
Application cannot continue. Press ENTER."
    then quiet stop all
    edit &APPLDR.TEL.DAT ex SORTTEL.EDS NODISPLAY
50
55

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* Read configuration and telephone files into RAM vars
  ex READCONF

* Make sure there are files needed to be transferred
5   if not exists &OUTDIR.* then clear
    then msg "qThere are no outstanding files in directory
&OUTDIR"
    then read line &Q1 "qthat need to be transferred. Press
ENTER."
    then quiet stop all
10
* Make sure temp directory exists as subdirectory to outgoing
directory
  quiet mkdir &OUTDIR.TEMP

* Check if user pressed F10 to abort
15   if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2

* Start multiple sessions
  ex STARTSES
  &HRC = &retcode

20
* If any failures on sessions, then stop script and exit relay
  if (&HRC = 1) then quiet stop all

* Check if user pressed F10 to abort
  if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2
25
  msg "qSession start successful..."

* If no subordinate phy's support
  if (&HIER = N) then goto CONT91

30
* Load master/subordinate phy's hierchical structure into ram and
store the
* total number of master phy's
  if exists &APPLDR.HIER.DAT then goto RDHIER

-CONT91
35   &TOTMAST = 1
    loop DOPHY &NUMPHY
      global &M&TOTMAST; &M&TOTMAST = "&RPHY&TOTMAST.-"
      &TOTMAST = &TOTMAST + 1
-DOPHY
40   &TOTMAST = &NUMPHY
    goto CONT82
-RDHIER
  &TOTMAST = 1
  open &APPLDR.HIER.DAT as #1 for input
  loop DOMAST *
45   read file #1 &RECSTR
    if not found then goto CONT81
    global &M&TOTMAST; &M&TOTMAST = &RECSTR
    &TOTMAST = &TOTMAST + 1
-DOMAST
50
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-CONT81
    close #1
    &TOTMAST = &TOTMAST - 1

5  -CONT82
    * Sort files in outgoing directory by physician (MAJOR) to xray id
    (MINOR)
    * and load into ram array
    &ABORT = N
    edit temp ex SORTLOAD.EDS NODISPLAY
10    if (&ABORT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2

    msg "qBreaking out master files into sub-files ..."

    * Erase any files in temporary directory
    quiet erase &OUTDIR.TEMP\*. *
15

    * load into ram array
    open temp as #1 for input
    &HCMAP = 0      ; * # records written to MAP.DAT
    open &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT as #4 for output
20    loop LOADREC *
        read file #1 &RECSTR
        &RECSTR = &upper(&RECSTR)

    * If EOF, then done loading
    if not found then goto CONT1
25

    * Make sure there are 3 characters for extension
    if (&length(&trim(&substr(&RECSTR, 10, 3))) <> 3) then
goto LOADREC

    * Don't process any directories
30    if (&substr(&RECSTR, 16, 5) = "<DIR>") then goto LOADREC

    &TOTFILES = &TOTFILES + 1      ; * increment file
counter

    * Store filename
35    &FILE&TOTFILES = "&trim(&substr(&RECSTR, 1,
8)).&trim(&substr(&RECSTR, 10, 3))"

    * Store master physicians initials. For subordinate phy's
operations, extract
    * position 13-15 of record (master phy.) and for no subordinate
40    phy's, extract
    * position 10-12 (just extension of filename).
    if (&HIER = N) then &EXT&TOTFILES =
"&trim(&substr(&RECSTR, 10, 3))"
    else &EXT&TOTFILES = "&trim(&substr(&RECSTR, 13, 3))"
45

    * Init status of xfer (0 = Outstanding)
    define &STAT&TOTFILES = "0"

    * Split file into even bytes for each remote port
50
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```

gosub SPLIT &FILE&TOTFILES

-LOADREC
-CONT1
5      close #1
      close #4

* If no records written to MAP.DAT then erase it
      if (&HCMAP = 0) then quiet erase &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT

10     * Erase temporary file
          quiet erase temp

* Check if user pressed F10 to abort
      if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2

15     * Set completion flag for physicians with no files to be sent
          &Z = 1
          loop CHECKFIN &NUMPHY
          &Y = 1
          loop CHECKEXT &TOTFILES

20     * Match on file extension with physician in master list ?
          if (&EXT&Y = &RPHY&Z) then goto J99
          &Y = &Y + 1

-CHECKEXT
25     &FIN&Z = "Y"                ;* set completion flag for
physician
-J99
      &Z = &Z + 1

-CHECKFIN

30     * Get directory relay gold is running in
          global &RUNREL
          &RUNREL = &RDRIVE
          if (&substr(&RUNREL,&length(&RUNREL),1) <> '\') then
&RUNREL = "&RUNREL\"

35     * Copy application online profile to relay's directory
          if exists &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP then copyfile &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
&RUNREL.RELAY.HLD
          then copyfile &APPLDR.RELAY.ONP &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
          else copyfile &APPLDR.RELAY.ONP &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP

40     msg "qDispatcher starting ..."
          &CNT = 1
          &HIGHPRI = 1                ;* pointer to highest priority
record
45     loop INFIN *

* Check if user pressed F10 to abort
      if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2

* debug line to shorten traces
50     if (&DEBUG = Y) then wait 2

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* If current record's file has already been sent or file is already
in
* progress of being sent, then skip to next record
    if (&STAT&CNT = "S") or (&STAT&CNT = "Q") then goto
5 CONT66

* Get # of ports available on remote PC
    gosub NUMPORT
    &CURRNPT = &retcode    ;* store # of ports remote PC has

10
* Loop through ports on central PC
    &CX = 1
    &PCNT = 0                ;* init # of ports used by
physician (remote pc)
    &OFFAVAIL = ""          ;* init 1st offline session
15 available
    loop XFERCHK &NUMPORTS

* If offline session available, then assign relative session #
    if (&OFFAVAIL = "") and (&HSTAT&CX = "OFFLINE") then
20 &OFFAVAIL = &CX

* If match on physician, then increment counter for # of ports this
physician
* is currently using
    if (&EXT&CNT = &SPHY&CX) then &PCNT = &PCNT + 1
25 then &CTEL&PCNT = &STEL&CX    ;* store tel. # in
use

* If match on physician and port status is online and idle and
there is a file
* outstanding
30    if (&EXT&CNT = &SPHY&CX) and (&HSTAT&CX = "ONLINE") and
(&instr(OI,&STAT&CNT) > 0)
    else goto CONT29

* Make sure we have the next outstanding (sequential) file to send
to this
35 * physician
    gosub CHKOUT "&EXT&CNT"

* Update ptr to record
    &CNT = &YCNT

40
* Call subroutine to assign next sub-file (if any), and update
status's
* (ie. &SPL and &STAT)
    gosub ASSIGNFL &CX &CNT

45
* If filename is null (no outstanding files), then get next record

    if (&XFILE&CX = "") then goto CONT66
    substitute define &.SPHY&CX = "&EXT&CNT"    ;* assign
physicans initials

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      substitute define &.IND&CX = &CNT ;* assign index to
record
      define &HSTAT&CX = "ONXFER"      ;* assign command
      gosub SHOWDISP "&fext(&FILE&CNT)" "&FILE&CNT" "ONXFER"
5    "&CNT" "&XFILE&CX"
      gosub SHOWALL
      goto CONT66

-CONT29
      &CX = &CX + 1
10

-XFERCHK
* If no offline session available, reset record ptr. back to
beginning
* of highest priority physician
      if (&OFFAVAIL = "") then &CNT = &HIGHPRI
15    then goto CONT67

* If # of ports in use on current remote is less than the total #
of ports
* available on remote, then get next available tel # for remote PC
20
      if (&PCNT < &CURRNPT) then gosub GETNEXTN
      then &HRC = &retcode

* Else, no more ports available for current physician
      else goto CONT66

25
* If no tel. # was found, then process next record
      if (&HRC = 0) then goto CONT66

* Since a # was found, make sure we have next outstanding
(sequential) file to
30
* send to this physician
      gosub CHKOUT "&EXT&CNT" ;* get proper record ptr. for
this physician
      &CNT = &YCNT      ;* reset original record ptr. to proper
record ptr.

35
* Update status var for session

* Call subroutine to assign next sub-file (if any), and update
status's
* (ie. &SPL and &STAT)
      gosub ASSIGNFL &OFFAVAIL &CNT
40

* If filename is null (no outstanding files), then get next record

      if (&XFILE&OFFAVAIL = "") then goto CONT66

45
      substitute define &.SPHY&OFFAVAIL = "&EXT&CNT" ;* assign
phy. initials
      substitute define &.STEL&OFFAVAIL = &NEWNUM      ;* assign
tel. #

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define &XREQ&OFFAVAIL = "CALL"      ;* assign sub-command

5  substitute define &.IND&OFFAVAIL = &CNT ;* assign index
to record
define &HSTAT&OFFAVAIL = "OFFXFER"
gosub SHOWDISP "&fext(&FILE&CNT)" "&FILE&CNT" "OFFXFER"
"&CNT" "&XFILE&OFFAVAIL"
gosub SHOWALL

10 -CONT66
&CNT = &CNT + 1                      ;* increment record ptr.

* If record ptr has reached last record, then reset ptr. to 1st
15 record
if (&CNT > &TOTFILES) then &CNT = 1
-CONT67

* If any online sessions are idle (no xfer in progress), check if
all files
20 * were sent for this physician
&CX = 1                              ;* index for session
counter
loop -CHECKST &NUMPORTS

* If session is not online and idle
25 if (&HSTAT&CX <> "ONLINE") then goto CONT69

* For sub-file ops., update &STAT var using &SPL array for
verification
&BG = 1
30 loop CHECKFL2 &TOTFILES
gosub CHECKFPL &BG
&BG = &BG + 1
-CHECKFL2

* Since session is online and idle, check if all files were sent
35 for this
* physician
gosub CHKOUT "&SPHY&CX"
&HRC = &retcode

* If no outstanding files and no transfers for this physician
40 if (&HRC = 0) then goto CONT74

* If physician has transfers in progress but none outstanding
if (&HRC = 2) then define &XREQ&CX = "HANGUP";* assign
command to session
then define &HSTAT&CX = "HANGUP" ;* update status var
45 for session
then goto CONT69

* Implied outstanding files for this physician
* Otherwise, send file

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* Call subroutine to assign next sub-file (if any), and update
status's
* (ie. &SPL and &STAT)
5      gosub ASSIGNFL &CX &YCNT

* If filename is null (no outstanding files), then get next record
      if (&XFILE&CX = "") then goto CONT69

10     assign phy.      substitute define &.SPHY&CX = "&EXT&YCNT"      ;*
initials              substitute define &.IND&CX = &YCNT ;* assign index to
record                define &HSTAT&CX = "ONXFER"      ;* update status var
for session           15     gosub SHOWDISP "&fext(&FILE&YCNT)" "&FILE&YCNT"
"ONXFER" "&YCNT" "&XFILE&CX"
                        gosub SHOWALL
                        goto CONT69

20     * Since no more files for this physician, hangup session
-CONT74
      define &XREQ&CX = "HANGUP"      ;* assign command
to session            define &HSTAT&CX = "HANGUP"      ;* update status var
for session           25     * Update file xfer completion flag for this physician
*temp line
                        gosub UPDCOMPL &SPHY&CX

30     * Check if all xfer's for all physicians is complete
      gosub STATDONE
      &HRC = &retcode
      wait 2

* If all xfers completed, then wrap it up
35     if (&HRC = 0) then goto ALLDONE

-CONT69
      &CX = &CX + 1
-40     -CHECKST

-50     -INFIN
-ALLDONE
      clear
      gosub SHOWALL

45     "q*-----s m s g-----*"

      smsg "q "
      smsg "q File transfers complete"
50     smsg "q "

55

```

```

                                s    m    s    g
"q*-----*
5      smsg "q "
      smsg "q "
      smsg "q "

* Erase any files in temporary directory
  quiet erase &OUTDIR.TEMP\*. *

10   * If old online profile existed before application ran, then
      restore old profile
      * Otherwise erase online profile from relay's directory
        if exists &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD then copyfile &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD
&RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
15   then quiet erase &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD
      else &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP

*
* Cancel all sessions
*
20   -ALLDONE2
      &KILLNUM = 2      ;* init 1st session # to kill

* Loop session #2 to last session
  loop KILLSESS while (&KILLNUM <= &calc(&NUMPORTS + 1))

25   * Request to kill session
      gosub cancel &KILLNUM
      &HRC = &retcode

* If unable to cancel session, alert user
      if (&HRC>0)
30   * smsg "WUnable to cancel session #&KILLNUM!"
      &KILLNUM = &KILLNUM + 1
  -KILLSESS

* Produce summary file
      gosub SHOWALL FILE
35

* Produce detail file
      gosub SHOWDET
      smsg "qFile transfer SUMMARY (by physician) in file
LOGSUM."
40   smsg "qFile transfer in DETAIL (by file) in file LOGDET."

      smsg "qTransfer request SEQUENCE in file LOGSEQ."

      smsg "qApplication stopped ..."
45   quiet stop all      ;* thats it folks !!

-CANCEL  quiet session stop &l
        if (&RC>0) return &RC
        smsg "q "
50
55

```

```

      smsg "Qcancelling session #&l. Please Stand by."
      global &CANCEL
      &CANCEL = "NO"
      on timer 5 &CANCEL = "YES"
5
      loop -canwait while (&CANCEL="NO")
        quiet session status &l
      -CANWAIT      if (&RC>0) goto -CANSTOP
      -CANSTOP on timer
10      return 0

      *-----*
      * Subroutine to loop through # of ports per PC table
      *-----*
15      -NUMPORT
        &XCNT = 1
        loop FINDPHY &NUMPHY

      * If match on initials, then return # of ports on remote PC
20      if (&EXT&CNT = &RPHY&XCNT) then return &RPT&XCNT
        &XCNT = &XCNT + 1

      -FINDPHY
      * No match found
25      return 0

      *-----*
      * Subroutine to get next available # for remote PC
      *-----*
30      -GETNEXTN
      * loop through tel. #'s
        &XCNT = 1
        loop GETNUM &NUMTEL

      * if no ports currently in use by this physician
35      if (&PCNT = 0)
        else goto CONT58

      * if match on physician, store 1st tel. #
40      if (&EXT&CNT = &PHY&XCNT) then &NEWNUM = &TEL&XCNT
        then return 1
        goto CONT59

      * loop through # of ports physician's PC is currently using
      -CONT58
45      &CT = 1
        &NEWNUM = ""
        loop TRAV1 &PCNT

      * if match on physician and tel # is in use then get next tel#
50
55

```

```

        if (&EXT&CNT = &PHY&XCNT) and (&TEL&XCNT = &CTEL&CT)
then goto CONT59

5  * if match on physician and tel # is not in use, then store tel
   #
       if (&EXT&CNT = &PHY&XCNT) and (&TEL&XCNT <> &CTEL&CT)
and (&NEWNUM = "") then &NEWNUM = &TEL&XCNT
       &CT = &CT + 1
   -TRAV1

10  * If a # was found physicians PC was not currently using, then set
   positive
   * return code
       if (&NEWNUM <> "") then return 1
   -CONT59
15  &XCNT = &XCNT + 1
   -GETNUM

   * No available tel # for current physician
       &NEWNUM = ""
       return 0

20  -----*
   -----*
   * Subroutine to check if current session for physician has any more
   * files that need to be sent
25  -----*
   -----*
   -CHKOUT

       &CPARM = "&1" ;* store physicians initials
30  * Loop through record array
       &YCNT = 1 ;* set index to beginning of array

       loop PERFCHK &TOTFILES

   * If match on phy. then jump out
35  if (&EXT&YCNT = &CPARM) then goto CONT60
       &YCNT = &YCNT + 1 ;* set index to next record

   -PERFCHK

40  * Since we have index to 1st record for physician (&YCNT), then
   check if
   * outstanding files exist
   -CONT60

   * Loop through records for physician
       &FLAGP = N ;* flag for in progress xfer's
45  loop PERF1 &TOTFILES

   * If outstanding file to send and match on physician then return
   a 1
   * (outstanding files to send)
50
55

```

```

        if (&instr(OI,&STAT&YCNT) > 0) and (&EXT&YCNT = &CPARM)
then return 1

* If in progress xfer and match on physician, then set flag
5      if (&STAT&YCNT = "Q") and (&EXT&YCNT = &CPARM) then
&FLAGP = Y
        &YCNT = &YCNT + 1

* If physician changed and physician had xfer's in progress
10     if (&EXT&YCNT <> &CPARM) and (&FLAGP = Y) then return 2

* If physician changed and physician had no xfers in progress
        if (&EXT&YCNT <> &CPARM) and (&FLAGP = N) then return 0

15     -PERF1
        return 0          ;* catch-all for no outstanding file to
send

*-----*
20     * Subroutine to update file transfer completion flag for a
physician
* (ie. all files were transferred for this physician)
*-----*

25     -UPDCOMPL
* Locate physician in array &FIN
        &ZCNT = 1
        &X1P = &1          ;* assign physicians initials
        loop LOCPHY &NUMPHY

30     * If physician match, then update status flag
        if (&X1P = &RPHY&ZCNT) then &FIN&ZCNT = "Y"
        then return          ;* return to caller
        &ZCNT = &ZCNT + 1

-LOCPHY
        return

35     *-----*
* Subroutine to check if all xfer's are completed for all
physicians
*-----*
40     -STATDONE
        &ZCNT = 1

* loop through status array
45     loop CHKDONE &NUMPHY

* if a physician has files outstanding then return a 1
        if (&FIN&ZCNT = "N") then return 1
        &ZCNT = &ZCNT + 1

50

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```

-CHKDONE

* all transfers complete
return 0

5

* Subroutine to display transfer requests

10

-----*

-SHOWDISP

clear

&PARM1 = &1

&PARM2 = &2

&PARM3 = &3

15

&PARM4 = &4

&PARM5 = &5

open logseq as #3 for append

s m s g

"q*-----

-----"

20

write file #3 "&date &time Transfer request for physician
&PARM1"

* Show sub-file

if (&PARM2<>&PARM5) then msg "q&time Request for
physician: &PARM1 File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5"

25

then write file #3 "File: &PARM2 Sub-file: &PARM5 PC
session state: &PARM3"

else msg "q&time Request for physician: &PARM1 File:
&PARM2"

else write file #3 "File: &PARM2 PC session state: &PARM3"

30

write file #3 "Index to record: &PARM4"

s m s g

"q*-----

-----"

w r i t e f i l e # 3

35

"*-----

-----"

close #3

return

40

* Subroutine to display status of xfer's by each physician

-SHOWALL

45

* If a paramter of 'FILE' is passed, then stats are written to
LOGSUM

&GPARM = &1

if (&GPARM = "FILE") then &GPARM = Y

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```

else &GPARM = N

if (&GPARM = Y) then open LOGSUM as #2 for output
then write file #2 "----- DATE: &date TIME:
5 &time -----"
    then write file #2 " "
    then write file #2 " Communication Status by
Physician"
    then write file #2 "Phy Total Files Sent In
Progress Outstanding"
10 else smsg "q Communication Status by Physician"

    else smsg "qPhy Total Files Sent In Progress
Outstanding"

    &MCNT = 1
15 &OLDPHY = "&fext(&FILE&MCNT)";&FCNT = 0;&FSCNT = 0;&FDCNT
= 0;&FOCNT = 0
    loop GETST &TOTFILES

* If physicians changed, then reset vars
20 if (&fext(&FILE&MCNT) <> &OLDPHY) and (&GPARM = N)
    t h e n s m s g
"q&left(&OLDPHY,3)&left(,10)&left(&FCNT,3)&left(,9)&left(&FSCNT,3)
)&left(,8)&left(&FDCNT,2)&left(,11)&left(&FOCNT,3)"

    if (&fext(&FILE&MCNT) <> &OLDPHY) and (&GPARM = Y)
25 t h e n w r i t e f i l e # 2
"&left(&OLDPHY,3)&left(,10)&left(&FCNT,3)&left(,9)&left(&FSCNT,3)
)&left(,8)&left(&FDCNT,2)&left(,11)&left(&FOCNT,3)"

    if (&fext(&FILE&MCNT) <> &OLDPHY)
30 then &OLDPHY = &fext(&FILE&MCNT)
    then &FCNT = 0 ;* total files
    then &FSCNT = 0 ;* files sent
    then &FDCNT = 0 ;* files being sent
    then &FOCNT = 0 ;* files outstanding

* Increment accumulators
35 &FCNT = &FCNT + 1
    if (&STAT&MCNT = "O") then &FOCNT = &FOCNT + 1
    else if (&STAT&MCNT = "I") or (&STAT&MCNT = "Q") then
&FDCNT = &FDCNT + 1
    else if (&STAT&MCNT = "S") then &FSCNT = &FSCNT + 1
40 &MCNT = &MCNT + 1
-GETST

    if (&GPARM = N) then smsg
"q&left(&OLDPHY,3)&left(,10)&left(&FCNT,3)&left(,9)&left(&FSCNT,3)
)&left(,8)&left(&FDCNT,2)&left(,11)&left(&FOCNT,3)"
    e l s e w r i t e f i l e # 2
45 "&left(&OLDPHY,3)&left(,10)&left(&FCNT,3)&left(,9)&left(&FSCNT,3)
)&left(,8)&left(&FDCNT,2)&left(,11)&left(&FOCNT,3)"
    e l s e w r i t e f i l e # 2
"-----"
    else close #2

```

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```

return

*-----*
* Subroutine to display DETAIL report on xfer's by file
*-----*
-SHOWDET
    open LOGDET as #2 for output
    write file #2 " *----- DATE: &date TIME: &time
10  -----*"
    write file #2 " "
    write file #2 "          Communication Status by File"

    write file #2 "
    File   Time Transfer Byte"          Transfer
15  write file #2 "Phy   Filename      Status      Time
    Size   Completed   /Sec   Port"
    &MCNT = 1
    loop GETST2 &TOTFILES

* Map for display
20  gosub DOBREAK
    &MCNT = &MCNT + 1
-GETST2
    close #2
    return

25  *-----*
    * Subroutine to breakout tokens for detail report
    *-----*
-DOBREAK
30  * No sub-files
    if (&.SPL1&MCNT = &SPL1&MCNT) then goto CONT99

    * Sub-files
    * Get # of subfiles
35  &substr(&SPL1&MCNT,&calc(&instr(&SPL1&MCNT,".")-1),1)
    &UCNT = 1
    &TOTBYT = 0;&TOTFT = 0
    &OUTSTAND = N;&HLDXCOM = ""

40  * Loop for # of sub-files
    loop GETSUB &BXD
    &HXD = &UCNT.&MCNT
    argstring &SPL&HXD      ;* breakout filename, status
    parse ", " ...
45  &HFILE = &1              ;* filename
    &HLDST = &2              ;* file status (I/O/S)

* Outstanding ?
    if (&HLDST <> S) then &STATUS = "Outstanding"

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      then &XTIME = "";&XSIZE = "";&XCOM = "";&XBTSEC =
      "";&XPORT = ""
      t h e n   & R E C & U C N T   =
5  "&left(' ',3)&left(,2)&left('(&HFILE)',12)&left(,2)&left(&STATUS,1
   1)&left(,1)&left(&XTIME,11)&left(,1)&right(&XSIZE,8)&left(,4)&lef
   t(&XCOM,8)&left(,4)&right(&XBTSEC,5)&left(,2)&left(&XPORT,5)"
      then &OUTSTAND = Y
      then &UCNT = &UCNT + 1
      then goto GETSUB
10
* Sent ?
      argstring &FTM&HXD      ;* breakout xfer info
      parse "~" ...
      &XTIME = &1;&XSIZE = &2;&XCOM = &3;&XPORT = &4

15
* Accum. byte size
      if (&datatype(&XSIZE) = NUM) then &TOTBYT = &TOTBYT +
      &XSIZE
      &TOTFT = &TOTFT + &transl(&xtime, '.', '')      ;* accum.
      ft time (seconds.hh)

20
* If last sub-file, then store time xfer completed
      if (&BXD = &UCNT) then &HLDXCOM = &XCOM

* Develop bytes/sec
      if (&XSIZE = 0) then &XBTSEC = "N/A"
25      else &XBTSEC = &calc(&XSIZE*100/&transl(&XTIME, '.', ''))

* Develop xfer time
      if (&length(&XTIME)<=3) then &XTIME = "00:00:00&XTIME"

30      e l s e   & X T I M E   =
      "&hours(&substr(&xtime,1,&calc(&instr(&xtime, '.')-1)).&substr(&X
      TIME,&calc(&instr(&XTIME, '.')+1))"
      &STATUS = "Sent"

      & R E C & U C N T   =
35  "&left(' ',3)&left(,2)&left('(&HFILE)',12)&left(,2)&left(&STATUS,1
   1)&left(,1)&left(&XTIME,11)&left(,1)&right(&XSIZE,8)&left(,4)&lef
   t(&XCOM,8)&left(,4)&right(&XBTSEC,5)&left(,2)&left(&XPORT,5)"
      &UCNT = &UCNT + 1

-GETSUB
40
* Create master file line
* Any outstanding sub-files ?
      i f   ( & O U T S T A N D   =   Y )   t h e n
      &XTIME="";&XSIZE=&fsize(&OUTDIR.&FILE&MCNT);&XCOM="";&STATUS="Out
      standing";then &XBTSEC="";then &XPORT=" "
      then goto WRITE4

45
* No outstanding sub-files
      &STATUS="Sent";&XSIZE=&fsize(&OUTDIR.&FILE&MCNT)
      if (&HLDXCOM <> "") then &XCOM = &HLDXCOM
      else &XCOM = ""
      &XPORT="N/A"
50

```

55

```

* Develop bytes/sec
  if (&XSIZE = 0) then &XBTSEC = "N/A"
  else &XBTSEC = &calc(&XSIZE*100/&transl(&TOTFT,',''))

5  * Develop total xfer time
    if (&TOTFT<=2) then &TOTFT = "&TOTFT"
      e l s e & T O T F T =
&substr(&TOTFT,1,&calc(&length(&TOTFT)-2)).&substr(&TOTFT,&calc(
length(&TOTFT)-1),2)
    if (&length(&TOTFT)<=3) then &XTIME = "00:00:00&TOTFT"
10  e l s e & X T I M E =
"&hours(&substr(&TOTFT,1,&calc(&instr(&TOTFT,')-1))).&substr(&T
OTFT,&calc(&instr(&TOTFT,')+1))"

-WRITE4
15
* Write master file record
      w r i t e   f i l e   # 2
"&left(&ext(&FILE&MCNT),3)&left(,2)&left(&FILE&MCNT,12)&left(,2)
&left(&STATUS,11)&left(,1)&left(&XTIME,11)&left(,1)&right(&XSIZE,
8)&left(,4)&left(&XCOM,8)&left(,4)&right(&XBTSEC,5)&left(,2)&left
20 (&EXPORT,5)"

* Write all subfiles
  &UCNT = 1
  loop WRITESUB &BXD
  write file #2 "&REC&UCNT"
25  &UCNT = &UCNT + 1
-WRITESUB
  return

* No sub-files
30 -CONT99
* Outstanding ?
  if (&STAT&MCNT <> "S") then &STATUS = "Outstanding"
  then &XTIME = "";&XSIZE = "";&XCOM = "";&XBTSEC = "";&EXPORT
= ""
  then goto WRITE3
35
* Sent
  argstring &FTIME&MCNT
  parse "--" ...

  &XTIME = &1;&XSIZE = &2;&XCOM = &3;&EXPORT = &4
40
* Develop bytes/sec
  if (&XSIZE = 0) then &XBTSEC = "N/A"
  else &XBTSEC = &calc(&XSIZE*100/&transl(&XTIME,',''))

* Develop xfer time
45  if (&length(&XTIME)<=3) then &XTIME = "00:00:00&XTIME"
    e l s e & X T I M E =
"&hours(&substr(&xtime,1,&calc(&instr(&xtime,')-1))).&substr(&X
TIME,&calc(&instr(&XTIME,')+1))"

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      &STATUS = "Sent"
-WRITE3
      w r i t e   f i l e   # 2
5  "&left(&fext(&FILE&MCNT),3)&left(,2)&left(&FILE&MCNT,12)&left(,2)
   &left(&STATUS,11)&left(,1)&left(&XTIME,11)&left(,1)&right(&XSIZE,
   8)&left(,4)&left(&XCOM,8)&left(,4)&right(&XBTSEC,5)&left(,2)&left
   (&XPORT,5)"
      return

10  *-----*
   * Subroutine to split file into even bytes per remote port
   *-----*
-SPLIT
15      &FILE = &1

   * Get # of ports for remote PC
      &CNT = &TOTFILES
      gosub NUMPORT
      &HRC = &retcode

20  * If Diagnostic PC has less ports than remote, then split file for
   # of ports
   * on diag
      if (&NUMPORTS < &HRC) then &SPLITNUM = &NUMPORTS
      else &SPLITNUM = &HRC

25  * Assign MAP.DAT variable (format ==>
12345123.001,FILE1.12,FILE1.22)
      &TEMPMAP = "&FILE"

   * If only 1 port available to transfer file
30      if (&SPLITNUM = 1) then goto OUT1

   * Calc # bytes per file
      &HSIZE = &fsize(&OUTDIR.&FILE)

35  * If file is less than 2K, then don't bother splitting up
      if (&HSIZE < 2048) then goto OUT1

   * SIZE OF FILE / # OF PORTS USABLE / 256
      &HRECS = &HSIZE/&SPLITNUM
40      &hrecs = &hrecs/256
      &SEQ = 1
      open &OUTDIR.&FILE as #3 for input stream binary

   * loop for # of chunks to split file into
      &SPCNT = 1
45      loop READSP &SPLITNUM

   * Init total xfer time, bytesize of file, xfer complete time, com
   port used

```

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* Variable name conventions ==> &FTM<seq. # of file><index to
filename>
    &HXD = &SEQ.&TOTFILES
    define &FTM&HXD = ""
5
* Append temp filename to variable followed by status of 0
(Outstanding)
* Conventions &SPLnx where 'n' represents the seq # of the file and
'x'
10 * represents the index to master file array
    subst i define &.SPL&HXD =
"FILE&TOTFILES..&SEQ.&SPLITNUM,0"
* Append temp filename to MAP.DAT variable
    &TEMPMAP = "&TEMPMAP.,FILE&TOTFILES..&SEQ.&SPLITNUM"
15
    open &OUTDIR.TEMP\FILE&TOTFILES..&SEQ.&SPLITNUM as #2 for
output stream binary
* loop for # records for each temp file
-FRAC
20
    loop DUMPREC &HRECS
    read file #3 &RECSTR length 256
    if not found then goto DONEREAD
    write file #2 &RECSTR
-DUMPREC
25
* If writing to last file and last record did not reach end of
file, then
* attempt to read next record
    if (&SPCNT = &SPLITNUM) and (&FOUND = YES) then goto FRAC
30
    &SPCNT = &SPCNT + 1
-DONEREAD
    close #2
    &SEQ = &SEQ + 1
35
-READSP
    close #3
* Write to MAP.DAT
    write file #4 "&TEMPMAP"
    &HCMAP = &HCMAP + 1 ;* increment record counter for
40
MAP.DAT
-OUT1
    return
*-----*
45
* Subroutine to assign next sub-file (if any), and update status's
* (ie. &SPL and &STAT)
*-----*
50

```

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```

-ASSIGNFL
    &PARM1 = &1      ;* assign index for &XFILE (relative comm
#)
    &PARM2 = &2      ;* assign index for &STAT and &FILE (master
5 file)

    * Determine how many subfiles master file is broken up into (if
    any)
    * If var not initialized, then assume no sub-files were built for
    this file
10    * and assign master filename
        if (&.SPL1&PARM2 = &SPL1&PARM2) then substi define
        &.XFILE&PARM1 = "&FILE&PARM2"

    * assign all files queued and none outstanding
15    then define &STAT&PARM2 = "Q"
    then return

    * Since sub-files were found, determine next file to send (if any
    more) and
    * update status vars
20    &INPROG = N
    &UCNT = 1          ;* init index to 1st sub file

    * Get total # of sub-files
                                & B X D
    &subtr(&SPL1&PARM2,&calc(&instr(&SPL1&PARM2,"",-1),1)) =
25

    * loop for # of sub-files
        loop CHECKSP &BXD
        &HXD = &UCNT.&PARM2
        argstring &SPL&HXD
        parse ",", ...
30

    * If sub-file is outstanding then jump out
        if (&2 = "O") then goto OUT5

    * If sub-file is in progress, then flag
        if (&2 = "I") then &INPROG = Y
35    &UCNT = &UCNT + 1      ;* increment sub-file counter
-CHECKSP

    * Assumed no outstanding sub-files for master file
    * Any in progress ?
40    if (&INPROG = Y) then define &STAT&PARM2 = "Q"

    * Else flag for all subfiles sent
        else define &STAT&PARM2 = "S"
        define &XFILE&PARM1 = ""      ;* assign null filename
        return
45

    * Assumed outstand. files to be sent
-OUT5
    * Assign filename to send
        substi define &.XFILE&PARM1 = "&1"
50

```

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```

      substi define &.SPL&HXD = "&l.,I" ;* filename and in
progress status

5  * If there are still more sub-files outstanding and sub-file in
progress
      if (&UCNT < &BXD) then define &STAT&PARM2 = "I"

      * Else no more sub-files outstanding and sub-file in progress
      else define &STAT&PARM2 = "Q"
10      return

      *-----*
      * Subroutine update file status (&STAT) for sub-file ops.
      *-----*

15  -CHECKFL
      &PARM1 = &l      ;* assign index for &STAT (master file)

      * If no sub-files, then return
      if (&.SPL1&PARM1 = &SPL1&PARM1) then return

20  * Since sub-files were found, update status vars
      &INPROG = N
      &UCNT = 1          ;* init index to 1st sub file

      * Get total # of sub-files
25  &subscr(&SPL1&PARM1,&calc(&instr(&SPL1&PARM1,"")-1),1) =
      & B X D

      * loop for # of sub-files
      loop CHECKSP2 &BXD
30      &HXD = &UCNT.&PARM1
      argstring &SPL&HXD
      parse ",", ...

      * If sub-file is outstanding or in progress then return
      if (&2 = "O") or (&2 = "I") then return
35      &UCNT = &UCNT + 1      ;* increment sub-file counter

      -CHECKSP2
      * Assumed no outstanding sub-files for master file
      * flag for all subfiles sent
      * If status var already set to S (sent) then return
      if (&STAT&PARM1 = "S") then return
40      define &STAT&PARM1 = "S"
      return

      * Update file xfer completion flag for this physician
      *temp line
      *      gosub UPDCOMPL &EXT&PARM1

45  * Check if all xfer's for all physicians is complete
      *      gosub STATDONE
      *      &HRC = &retcode
      *      wait 2

50

      *
      * If all xfers completed, then wrap it up
      *      return &HRC
55  ^Z

```



```

* SCRIPT: READCONF.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Read configuration and telephone files into RAM vars

5      on error
      on attnkey F10 &GETOUT = Y

* Read configuration file
      if not exists &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT then clear
      then msg "q&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT does not exists.
10 Application cannot continue."
      then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER."
      then quiet stop all

* Load records in configuration file into vars
      &NUMPORTS = 0 ;* init # of valid ports
15      open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for input
      if (&retcode <> 0) then clear
      then msg "qProblem opening file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT.
Application cannot continue."
      then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER."
20      then quiet stop all

* Read 1st record (outgoing directory)
      read file #1 &XOUTDIR
      if not found then clear
      then msg "q1st record in file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT must be
25 outgoing directory name."
      then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press
ENTER."
      then quiet stop all
      &XOUTDIR = &trim(&XOUTDIR)
      if (&substr(&XOUTDIR,&length(&XOUTDIR),1) <> '\') then
30 &XOUTDIR = "&XOUTDIR\"
      substitute define &.OUTDIR = &XOUTDIR

* Loop until end of file
      loop READREC *
      read file #1 &RECSTR ;* read a record
35      if not found then goto CONT1 ;* EOF ?

      argstring &RECSTR ;* breakout tokens
      parse "- " ... ;* parse using the tilde

* Make sure we have 6 parameters
40      if (&N <> 6) then clear
      then msg "qInvalid # of parameters in line
#&calc(&NUMPORTS +1) of file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT."
      then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press
ENTER."
45      then quiet stop all

* Increment port counter
      &NUMPORTS = &NUMPORTS + 1
* Assign entry name
50
55

```

```

substitute define &.EN&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&1))"

* Assign port #
5      global &PORT&NUMPORTS
      &PORT&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&2)"

* Assign modem speed
      global &SPEED&NUMPORTS
      &SPEED&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&3))"

10     * Assign port type
      global &PTYPE&NUMPORTS
      &PTYPE&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&4))"

* Assign modem type
15     global &MODEM&NUMPORTS
      &MODEM&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&5))"

* Assign modem name/class
      global &MNAME&NUMPORTS
      &MNAME&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&6))"

20     * Make sure relay's setting match configuration file
      quiet directory query &EN&NUMPORTS MSPEED &HSPEED TYPE
&HTYPE COMPORT &HPORT
      &HRC = &retcode

25     * If entry name does not exist, then build it with appropriate
options
      if (&HRC = 2) then gosub BUILDENT
      then goto CONT4

* Make sure modem speed, comm port and type of connection are
30 correct in Relay's
* Directory of Computers
      if (&HSPEED <> &SPEED&NUMPORTS) or (&HPORT <>
&PORT&NUMPORTS) or (&HTYPE <> "TTY")
      then quiet directory update "&EN&NUMPORTS" MSPEED
35 &SPEED&NUMPORTS TYPE TTY COMPORT &PORT&NUMPORTS

-CONT4
* Make sure port type, modem type and modem name/class are correct
in Relay's
* personal computer options
40     reset &HTYPE;reset &HMODEM;reset &HNAME
      quiet directory option comport &PORT&NUMPORTS &HTYPE
&HMODEM &HNAME
      if ("&HTYPE" <> "&PTYPE&NUMPORTS") or ("&HMODEM" <>
"&MODEM&NUMPORTS") or ("&HNAME" <> "&MNAME&NUMPORTS")
      then quiet directory option comport &PORT&NUMPORTS
45 &PTYPE&NUMPORTS &MODEM&NUMPORTS "&MNAME&NUMPORTS"

-READREC
-CONT1
      close #1

50

55

```

```

* Make sure central PC has at least 1 com port
  if (&NUMPORTS < 1) then clear
    then msg "qThere must be at least 1 com port for
application to run. Check file"
5    then read line &Q1 "q&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Press ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

* Read telephone/physician file
  if not exists &APPLDR.TEL.DAT then clear
    then read line &Q1 "q&APPLDR.TEL.DAT does not exists.
10 Application cannot continue. Press ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

* Load records in telephone file into vars
  &NUMTEL = 0 ;* init # of valid ports
  open &APPLDR.TEL.DAT as #1 for input
15  if (&retcode <> 0) then clear
    then msg "qProblem opening file &APPLDR.TEL.DAT.
Application cannot continue."
    then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

20 * Read all records
  &OLDPHY = ""
  &NUMPHY = 0
  &1STTIME = Y
  loop READTEL *
25    read file #1 &RECSTR ;* read a record
    if not found then &NUMPHY = &NUMPHY + 1
    then global &RPT&NUMPHY
    then &RPT&NUMPHY = &PHYCNT ;* store # of
sessions phy. has
    then global &RPHY&NUMPHY
30    then &RPHY&NUMPHY = &OLDPHY ;* store phy.
initials
    then global &FIN&NUMPHY
    then &FIN&NUMPHY = N ;* ft's complete
flag for phy.
    then goto CONT2 ;* jump out
35    argstring &RECSTR ;* breakout tokens
    parse "~" ... ;* parse using the tilde

* Make sure we have 2 parameters
40  if (&N <> 2) then clear
    then msg "qInvalid # of parameters in line
#&calc(&NUMTEL +1) of file &APPLDR.TEL.DAT."
    then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press
ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

45 * For 1st time through loop, store the physicians id
  if (&1STTIME = Y) then &OLDPHY = &upper(&1)
  then &1STTIME = N
  then &PHYCNT = 0
50
55

```

```

* If physician initial's has changed, then store # of sessions
remote PC has
* NOTE: array &RPHYn (physician's initials) and &RPTn (total # of
sessions per
5 * remote PC) are built here
    if (&upper(&l) <> &OLDPHY) then &NUMPHY = &NUMPHY + 1
    then global &RPT&NUMPHY
    then &RPT&NUMPHY = &PHYCNT                /* store # of
sessions phy. has
10    then global &RPHY&NUMPHY
    then &RPHY&NUMPHY = &OLDPHY                /* store phy.
initials
    then global &FIN&NUMPHY
    then &FIN&NUMPHY = N                        /* ft's complete
flag for phy.
15    then &PHYCNT = 0                        /* re-init session
counter
    then &OLDPHY = "&upper(&l)"                /* assign phy
initials

    &NUMTEL = &NUMTEL + 1                    /* increment record counter
20    &PHYCNT = &PHYCNT + 1                    /* increment session
counter for remote

* Assign physicians initials
    global &PHY&NUMTEL
    &PHY&NUMTEL = "&upper(&l)"
25

* Assign telephone #
    global &TEL&NUMTEL
    &TEL&NUMTEL = "&2"
-READTEL
-CONT2
30    close #1

* Check for at least 1 record
    if (&NUMTEL < 1) then clear
    then msg "qFile &APPLDR.TEL.DAT must contain at least 1
record. Application cannot"
35    then msg "qcontinue. Press ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

* Return control to calling script (normal termination)
    stop
40

* Subroutine to build an entry in the directory of computers
-BUILDENT

* Build entry name using entry name 'A HOST' as the model
    quiet directory add "&EN&NUMPORTS" "A HOST"
45    &HRC = &retcode

* Entry name 'A HOST' not found ?
    if (&HRC = 2) then clear
50

55

```

then msg "qEntry Name 'A HOST' must be created on your
copy of Relay Gold. To create"

then msg "qa new Entry Name, enter the Directory of
Computers and copy an entry of"

5 then read line &Q1 "qTYPE 'TTY'. Then, name the new Entry
Name 'A HOST'. Press ENTER."

then quiet stop all

* No room on disk ?

if (&HRC = 3) then clear

10 then read line &Q1 "qNo room on disk to create new entry
name. Press ENTER."

then quiet stop all

* Update new entry name with proper modem speed, type, comments,
quiet directory update "&EN&NUMPORTS" MSPEED

15 &SPEED&NUMPORTS TYPE TTY COMMENTS "PORT #&NUMPORTS FOR SCRIPT"
COMPORT &PORT&NUMPORTS TELEPHONE ""

return

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

```

* SCRIPT: SESSOFF.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Performs calls, transfers, hangups etc. for each
5 session on the
*           central pc

           on error

* perform trace if debug on
           if (&DEBUG = Y) then strace LOG&SESSIONID
10           on nomemory msg "qOut of memory session # &SESSIONID

           global &ASYNCCNUM &HSEQ

* Assign communications session number
           &ASYNCCNUM = &1
15

* Retrieve communication port # for this session
           directory query &EN&ASYNCCNUM comport &HPORT

* Retrieve modem type for this session
           directory option comport &HPORT &DUMMY1 &MODEMNAME
20

* If modem type is QX (Microcom), then set special modem variable
to
* submit 'AT' instruction to modem
           if (&upper(&MODEMNAME) = QX) then global &$MICMD
25 *           then &$MICMD = "\N3\Q3\J0\C3"

* For super duper QX/4232hs (latest & greatest)
           then &$MICMD = "%C0%G1%BT12000"

* Initialize sessions variables
30           define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "OFFLINE"
           define &STEL&ASYNCCNUM = ""
           define &XREQ&ASYNCCNUM = ""
           define &XFILE&ASYNCCNUM = ""

* Wait for driving session to request an xfer
35 -WAITAG
           wait (&XREQ&ASYNCCNUM <> "")

* If request for call, then proceed
           if (&XREQ&ASYNCCNUM = "CALL") then goto DOCALL
40           else goto WAITAG

-DOCALL

           &ATTEMPTS = 1
-DOCALL2
45 * Attempt to perform call. If successful execute online script
SESSION.
           call "&EN&ASYNCCNUM" &STEL&ASYNCCNUM ex SESSION
           &HRC = &retcode

* Error messages based on return code
50
55

```

```

* If line dropped before xfer completed, then send file again
  if (&HRC = 99) then &MESSG = "Inadvertent line drop before
file transfer was completed."
5   else if (&HRC = 0) then &MESSG = "Normal disconnect from
PC"
    else if (&HRC = 2) then &MESSG = "Insufficient memory for
the connection."
    else if (&HRC = 3) then &MESSG = "Communication port is not
operational."
10   else if (&HRC = 4) then &MESSG = "User pressed ESC while
dialing, cancelling the call."
    else if (&HRC = 5) then &MESSG = "The modem is not
responding properly."
    else if (&HRC = 6) then &MESSG = "No carrier detected on
line."
15   else if (&HRC = 7) then &MESSG = "The other computer is
busy."
    else if (&HRC = 8) then &MESSG = "Voice detected on
telephone line."
    else if (&HRC = 9) then &MESSG = "No dial tone on telephone
line."
20   else if (&HRC = 15) then &MESSG = "Entry Name
'&EN&ASYNCCNUM' not in the Directory of Computers."
    else if (&HRC = 98) then &MESSG = "Problem with initial
connection."

25  * Successful file transfer (continue)
    if (&HRC = 0) then goto CONT1

* Check for fatal codes
    if (&HRC = 2) or (&HRC = 3) or (&HRC = 4) or (&HRC = 15)
30   else goto CONT99
    &MESSG = "Fatal error for Entry Name &EN&ASYNCCNUM - port
unusable."

* Set flag for file transfer back to OUTSTANDING
    define &STAT&IND&ASYNCCNUM = "0"
35   &XYZ = &IND&ASYNCCNUM

* If sub-file, then make sure to update status var &SPL
    if (&SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then
      &HSEQ = &substr(&fext(&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM),1,1)
      &HSEQ = &HSEQ.&IND&ASYNCCNUM
40   substi define &.SPL&HSEQ = "&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM,0"
      goto CONT1

-CONT99
* Check for non-fatal codes (retry)
45   &ATTEMPTS = &ATTEMPTS + 1      ;* increment retry counter

* Over max attempts ?
    if (&ATTEMPTS > 5) then &MESSG = "5 unsuccessful attempts
for #&STEL&ASYNCCNUM phy:&SPHY&ASYNCCNUM Entry:&EN&ASYNCCNUM"
50

```

55

```

* Set flag for file transfer back to OUTSTANDING
  then define &STAT&IND&ASYNCCNUM = "0"
  then goto CONT1

5  * Try again
    else goto DOCALL2

* Proceed to wait for another instruction from driving session
-CONT1
10   define &XREQ&ASYNCCNUM = ""      ;* reset request command

    define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "OFFLINE"      ;* set session
status to OFFLINE
    goto WAITAG
^2
15

20

25

30

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40

45

50

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```



```

* SCRIPT: SESSON.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Performs online duties for communication session
            on error
5
* Use relay's compressed protocol (type RC)
*   set protocol relay compress

* Switch to split screen mode
*   switch relay
10

* If Relay's Protocol not established in 60 seconds, assume bad
line quality
* or problems with modems and return code of 98
    wait 60 (&CSERIAL <> "")
    if timeout then define &HSTAT&ASYNCTNUM = "OFFXFER";then
15 hangup 98

* Use hardware flow control
*   wait 1
*   wait (&sesactive = 1)
20 *   substi session switch #&calc(&asynctnum + 1)
*   set insmode off           ;* turn off insert mode
*   stack "[ESCAPE][F5][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB]H[enter]"

*   wait 1
    reset &receive           ;* in case any junk chars
25 *   session switch #1

* If inadvertent disconnection occurs before protocol established,
then
* provide return code of 98
    on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCTNUM = "OFFXFER";hangup 98
30

* Update status var for session to signify online connection was
made
    define &HSTAT&ASYNCTNUM = "ONXFER"

35 * Make sure other PC is in synch with proper protocol and script
control
* character. (good security feature)
    &ATTEMPTS = 0
-SECURITY
40    send "$send 'TEST'"           ;* send string
    wait 4 "TEST"                 ;* wait for positive
confirmation
    if not timeout then goto STARTSD ;* if received positive
confirmation
    &ATTEMPTS = &ATTEMPTS + 1       ;* increment attempts
45 counter

* Max attempts ?
    if (&ATTEMPTS > 4) then define &HSTAT&ASYNCTNUM =
"OFFXFER";then hangup 98
50
55

```

else goto SECURITY

-STARTSD

* If MAP.DAT exists for sub-file reconstruction, then send it
 if exists &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT then sendf
 &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT
 then wait until sending
 then send "\$recvf MAP.DAT NOBACKUP"
 then wait while sending

-SENDAG

* If inadvertent line drop before xfer is complete, then tell
 offline script
 * to try again

on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "OFFXFER";hangup 99

* reset &STIME
 * Attempt to send file
 wait 0.5

* If no sub-files, then send file from outgoing directory
 &XYZ = &IND&ASYNCCNUM
 if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then sendfile
 &OUTDIR.&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM

* For sub-files, send file from outgoing\TEMP directory
 else sendfile &OUTDIR.TEMP\&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM
 wait until sending
 send "\$recvf &XFILE&ASYNCCNUM NOBACKUP"
 &BEGIN = &TIMETH

* Wait until entire file has been transferred
 wait while sending
 &END = &TIMETH

* Update status var for record associated with file that just got
 transferred

* successfully. (&IND&ASYNCCNUM provides index to array &STAT for
 proper
 * record to update)

* If no sub-files for master file, then update status var
 if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then define &STAT&IND&ASYNCCNUM
 = "S"

* otherwise for sub-files, update status var
 else &HSEQ = &subst(&fext(&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM),1,1)
 else &HSEQ = &HSEQ.&IND&ASYNCCNUM
 else substi define &.SPL1&HSEQ = "&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM,S"

* Also, store xfer time, byte size of file, time transfer completed
 and com
 * port used

```

* Develop xfer time in format TOTAL SECONDS.HUNDRETHS OF SECONDS

      &HBEG = &seconds(&substr(&BEGIN,1,8))*100
      &HEND = &seconds(&substr(&END,1,8))*100
5      &THBEG = &substr(&BEGIN,10,2)
      &THEND = &substr(&END,10,2)
      &HBEG = &HBEG+&THBEG
      &HEND = &HEND+&THEND
      &DIF = &HEND-&HBEG
10      if (&length(&DIF) <= 2) then &DIF = "&right(&DIF,2,0)"
          e l s e & D I F =
"&substr(&DIF,1,&calc(&length(&DIF)-2)).&substr(&DIF,&calc(&length
h(&DIF)-1))"

* If no sub-files, update status info
      if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then substi define &.FTIME&XYZ
15 = "&DIF-&fsize(&OUTDIR.&XFILE&ASYNCRUM)-&time-&COMPORT"

* Otherwise for sub-files, update status info
      else substi define &.FTM&HSEQ =
20 "&DIF-&fsize(&OUTDIR.TEMP\&XFILE&ASYNCRUM)-&time-&COMPORT"

* Tell driving session file has been transferred and line is idle
      define &HSTAT&ASYNCRUM = "ONLINE"

* If inadvertent line drop occurs while we are waiting for an
25 instruction
* then update status var that we are hanging up
      on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCRUM = "HANGUP";hangup 0

* Wait for driving session to either request another xfer for this
30 physician or
* to hangup (no more files pending for this physician)
-WAITAG

* if debug on wait 1 second so trace doesn't get large
      if (&DEBUG = Y) then wait 1
35 substitute if (&HSTAT&ASYNCRUM = "ONLINE") then goto WAITAG

* If another file to send to same physician, then start xfer
      substitute if (&HSTAT&ASYNCRUM = "ONXFER") then goto SENDAG
40

* Disable line drop monitor
      on disconnect

* Tell remote PC to hangup with a return code of 66 (normal
45 termination)
      send "$HANGUP 66"
      wait until idle

* Update status flag
50

      define &HSTAT&ASYNCRUM = "HANGUP"

      * Otherwise, hangup with OK return code
      hangup 0
      ^Z

```

```

* SCRIPT: SESSON.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Performs online duties for communication session
5         on error

* Use relay's compressed protocol (type RC)
*         set protocol relay compress

* Switch to split screen mode
10        switch relay

* If Relay's Protocol not established in 60 seconds, assume bad
line quality
* or problems with modems and return code of 98
        wait 60 (&CSERIAL <> "")
15        if timeout then define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "OFFXFER";then
hangup 98

* Use hardware flow control
*         wait 1
*         wait (&sesactive = 1)
20        substi session switch #&calc(&asynccnum + 1)
*         set insmode off          ;* turn off insert mode
*         stack "[ESCAPE][F5][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB]H[enter]"

*         wait 1
25        reset &receive          ;* in case any junk chars
*         session switch #1

* If inadvertent disconnection occurs before protocol established,
then
* provide return code of 98
30        on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "OFFXFER";hangup 98

* Update status var for session to signify online connection was
made
        define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "ONXFER"

35        * Make sure other PC is in synch with proper protocol and script
control
* character. (good security feature)
        &ATTEMPTS = 0
-SECURITY
40        send "$send 'TEST'"          ;* send string
        wait 4 "TEST"                ;* wait for positive
confirmation
        if not timeout then goto STARTSD ;* if received positive
confirmation
        &ATTEMPTS = &ATTEMPTS + 1      ;* increment attempts
45        counter

* Max attempts ?
        if (&ATTEMPTS > 4) then define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM =
"OFFXFER";then hangup 98
50
55

```

```

else goto SECURITY

-STARTSD
5  * If MAP.DAT exists for sub-file reconstruction, then send it
    if exists &OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT then sendf
&OUTDIR.TEMP\MAP.DAT
    then wait until sending
    then send "$recvf MAP.DAT NOBACKUP"
    then wait while sending

10 -SENDAG
    * If inadvertent line drop before xfer is complete, then tell
    offline script
    * to try again
    on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "OFFXFER";hangup 99

15
    * reset &STIME
    * Attempt to send file
    wait 0.5

20
    * If no sub-files, then send file from outgoing dircectory
    &XYZ = &IND&ASYNCCNUM
    if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &.SPL1&XYZ) then sendfile
&OUTDIR.&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM

25
    * For sub-files, send file from outgoing\TEMP directory
    else sendfile &OUTDIR.TEMP\&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM
    wait until sending
    send "$recvf &XFILE&ASYNCCNUM NOBACKUP"
    &BEGIN = &TIMETH

30
    * Wait until entire file has been transferred
    wait while sending
    &END = &TIMETH

    * Update status var for record associated with file that just got
    transferred
35
    * successfully. (&IND&ASYNCCNUM provides index to array &STAT for
    proper
    * record to update)

    * If no sub-files for master file, then update status var
    if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &.SPL1&XYZ) then define &STAT&IND&ASYNCCNUM
40
    = "S"

    * otherwise for sub-files, update status var
    else &HSEQ = &substr(&fext(&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM),1,1)
    else &HSEQ = &HSEQ.&IND&ASYNCCNUM
    else substi define &.SPL1&HSEQ = "&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM,S"
45

    * Also, store xfer time, byte size of file, time transfer completed
    and com
    * port used

50

55

```

```

* Develop xfer time in format TOTAL SECONDS.HUNDRETHS OF SECONDS

      &HBEG = &seconds(&substr(&BEGIN,1,8))*100
5      &HEND = &seconds(&substr(&END,1,8))*100
      &THBEG = &substr(&BEGIN,10,2)
      &THEEND = &substr(&END,10,2)
      &HBEG = &HBEG+&THBEG
      &HEND = &HEND+&THEEND
      &DIF = &HEND-&HBEG
10     if (&length(&DIF) <= 2) then &DIF = "&right(&DIF,2,0)"
           e l s e &D I F =
"&substr(&DIF,1,&calc(&length(&DIF)-2)).&substr(&DIF,&calc(&length
h(&DIF)-1))"

* If no sub-files, update status info
15     if (&.SPL1&XYZ = &SPL1&XYZ) then substi define &.FTIME&XYZ
= "&DIF-&fsize(&OUTDIR.&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM)-&time-&COMPORT"

* Otherwise for sub-files, update status info
      else substi define &.FTM&HSEQ =
20 "&DIF-&fsize(&OUTDIR.TEMP\&XFILE&ASYNCCNUM)-&time-&COMPORT"

* Tell driving session file has been transferred and line is idle

      define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "ONLINE"

25 * If inadvertent line drop occurs while we are waiting for an
instruction
* then update status var that we are hanging up
      on disconnect define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "HANGUP";hangup 0

30 * Wait for driving session to either request another xfer for this
physician or
* to hangup (no more files pending for this physician)
-WAITAG

* if debug on wait 1 second so trace doesn't get large
35     if (&DEBUG = Y) then wait 1
      substitute if (&HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "ONLINE") then goto WAITAG

* If another file to send to same physician, then start xfer
40     substitute if (&HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "ONXFER") then goto SENDAG

* Disable line drop monitor
      on disconnect

45 * Tell remote PC to hangup with a return code of 66 (normal
termination)
      send "$HANGUP 66"
      wait until idle

* Update status flag
50

      define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "HANGUP"

55 * Otherwise, hangup with OK return code
      hangup 0
      ^Z

```

```

* STARTSES.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Invokes relay sessions
5  * Allow script to perform error processing
    on error
    on attnkey F10 &GETOUT = Y

* If RAM exceeded, then provide error message
10  on nomemory msg "qOUT OF MEMORY SESSION";STRACE OFF

* Specifies the session name suffix (ASYNCl) etc.
    &ASYNCCNUM = 1

* Iterate # of sessions specified
15  loop ASYNC while (&ASYNCCNUM <= &NUMPORTS)

* Call subroutine to invoke a new async session
    gosub DOASYNC

* Increment for next async session
20  &ASYNCCNUM = &ASYNCCNUM + 1
-ASYNC
* Terminate script (normal termination)
    quiet stop 0

* This subroutine invokes an async session
25 -DOASYNC

* Invoke a new async session and execute script SESSOFF.SCR.
* Assign a session name with ASYNCC&ASYNCCNUM format where &ASYNCCNUM
is the
30 * current session being invoked.

      s e s s i o n   s t a r t
SESSOFF/X:"&ASYNCCNUM"/SD:"&APPLDR"/NAME:"ASYNCC&ASYNCCNUM"/SL:4

* Wait 20 seconds for the session to be established
35  wait 20 (&sescount = &calc(&ASYNCCNUM + 1))

* If session was not established successfully, then jump to error
routine.
    if timeout then goto NG

40 * Provide check to make sure session was completely established
before proceeding.
    &XCNT = 1
    loop -CANWAIT1 *
        session status #2 &NX &STX
        if (&rc = 0) then goto CANSTOP1
45  wait 1;&XCNT = &XCNT + 1
        if (&XCNT > 45) then goto NG
-CANWAIT1

* Provide error message if session was not established.
50

```

55

```

-NG
      clear
      open &APPLDR.LOG as #1 for append
5      write file #1 "&DATE &TIME Not able to bring up Session
      #&ASYNCCNUM."
      read line &Q1 "qNot able to bring up Session #&ASYNCCNUM.
Press ESCAPE."
      quiet stop 1          ;* return error code
-CCANSTOP1
10      * Return to caller
      return
^Z

```



```

* SCRIPT: CONFIG.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Front-end interface to CONFIG.DAT

5      on error
      clear

* Get script application drive
      &APPLDR = &option(SDRIVE)

10     * Make sure path is suffixed with a backslash
      if (&substr(&APPLDR, &length(&APPLDR), 1) <> '\') then
&APPLDR = "&APPLDR\"

      &MESSAGE = ""
      &PATHSPEC = ""
15     &SPEEDCHK = "50, 75, 110, 135, 150, 300, 450, 600, 1200,
1800, 2000, 2400, 3600, 4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400,"
      &PORTCHK = "COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, COM5, COM6, COM7, COM8,
HOSTS, IBMSHARE, NONE, IRMA, IBM, FORTE, IBMLDFT, IBMSDFT, SPECIAL,
NPCSHARE, NACSHARE, USER1, USER2, COM3PC, COM4PC, GATEWAY,"
20     &MODCHK = "T, CD, 9, H, S, HV, PC, AX, QX, MT, C, P, V, W,
X, R, B, BI, E, US, O, I, M, A, D, HC,"

* If configuration file exists, then continue
      if exists &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT then goto CONT1

25     * Otherwise, init all vars in panel to blanks
      gosub INITBL 1
      goto CONT3

-CONT1
* Open configuration file
30     open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for input
      &hrc = &RC
      if (&hrc <> 0) then read line &Q1 "qCould not open file
&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Process aborted. Press ENTER."
      then stop

35     * loop to read all records
      &RECCNT = 0
      &ELEM = 1
      loop READREC *
          read file #1 &RECSTR          ;* read a record
40          if not found then goto CONT2 ;* if EOF then jump out

          &RECCNT = &RECCNT + 1 ;* increment record counter

* If 1st record being processed, then assign to path-specification
      if (&RECCNT = 1) then &PATHSPEC = &trim(&RECSTR)
45      then goto READREC

      argstring &RECSTR          ;* break-out tokens
      parse "~" ...              ;* use tilde as delimiter

50

55

```

```

* Check for illegal # of tokens
  if (&N <> 6) then read line &Q1 "qIllegal # of tokens in
record &ELEM - Record ignored. Press ENTER."

```

```

5      t h e n
&ENT&ELEM="";&NUM&ELEM="";&SPEED&ELEM="";&PTYPE&ELEM="";&MTYPE&EL
EM="";&NAME&ELEM=""

```

```

* Otherwise, assign token from record to panel vars

```

```

10      else &ENT&ELEM=&trim(&1)
      else &NUM&ELEM=&trim(&2)
      else &SPEED&ELEM=&trim(&3)
      else &PTYPE&ELEM=&trim(&4)
      else &MTYPE&ELEM=&trim(&5)
      else &NAME&ELEM=&trim(&6)
&ELEM = &ELEM + 1

```

```

15  -READREC

```

```

-CONT2

```

```

* Clear all remaining panel vars
  gosub INITBL &ELEM
20  close #1

```

```

-CONT3

```

```

display panel CONFIG

```

```

-CONT4

```

```

25  display input &RESPONSE
  if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) and (&RESPONSE <> ENTER) and
(&RESPONSE <> F10)
  then msg "qInvalid response ..."
  then goto CONT4

```

```

30  if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then msg "qModifications not saved
... Exiting to DOS."
  then wait 3
  then stop

```

```

35  if (&RESPONSE = F10) then gosub HELP1
  then goto CONT4

```

```

  gosub SAVEDATA
  &hrc = &RC
40  if (&hrc = 1) then goto CONT4

```

```

* Subroutine to init vars in panel

```

```

-INITBL

```

```

45  &PARM1 = &1
  &CNT = &1
  loop INITA while (&CNT <= 8)

```

```

&ENT&CNT="";&NUM&CNT="";&SPEED&CNT="";&PTYPE&CNT="";&MTYPE&CNT=""
; &NAME&CNT=""

```

```

50  &CNT = &CNT + 1

```

```

-INITA
    return

5  * Subroutine to save panel data
-SAVEDATA

    * Make sure receive path is valid
      &PATHSPEC = &trim(&PATHSPEC)
      if (&substr(&PATHSPEC, &length(&PATHSPEC), 1) <> '\') then
10  &HSPEC = "&PATHSPEC\*.*"
      else &HSPEC = "&PATHSPEC*.*"
      if (&fvalid(&HSPEC) = YES) then goto CONT5
      smsg "qRECEIVE PATH invalid."
      display cursor 1
      return 1

15  * Validate each entry
-CONT5
      &CNT = 1
      loop VALIDATE 8
      &ENT&CNT = &trim(&ENT&CNT)

20  * If entry name is null, then get next record
      if (&ENT&CNT = "") then goto INCR

    * Validate port #
      &NUM&CNT = &trim(&NUM&CNT)
25  if (&NUM&CNT > 0) and (&NUM&CNT < 16) then goto CONT6
      if (&NUM&CNT = "ANY") or (&NUM&CNT = "SHR") then goto
CONT6
      smsg "qInvalid PORT # for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
      substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 3)
30  return 1

-CONT6
    * Validate modem speed
      &SPEED&CNT = &trim(&SPEED&CNT)
      if (&instr("&SPEEDCHK",&SPEED&CNT,"") > 0) then goto
35  CONT7
      smsg "qInvalid MODEM SPEED for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
      substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 4)
      return 1

-CONT7
40  * Validate Port Type
      &PTYPE&CNT = &trim(&PTYPE&CNT)
      if (&instr("&PORTCHK",&PTYPE&CNT,"") > 0) then goto CONT8
      smsg "qInvalid PORT TYPE for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
      substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 5)
      return 1

45  -CONT8
    * Validate Modem Type
      &MTYPE&CNT = &trim(&MTYPE&CNT)
      if (&instr("&MODCHK",&MTYPE&CNT,"") > 0) then goto CONT9

50
55

```

```

      smsg "qInvalid MODEM TYPE for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
      substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 6)
      return 1

```

```

5  -CONT9
   * Validate Modem Name/Class
     &NAME&CNT = &trim(&NAME&CNT)
     if ("&PTYPE&CNT" = "HOSTS") then goto CHECKHST
     else goto INCR

10  * Since PORT TYPE is HOSTS, make sure MODEM NAME/CLASS has 3 tokens
    separated by
    * a blank
    -CHECKHST

     if (&NAME&CNT = "") then &FLAGNG = Y
15     else &FLAGNG = N
     else argstring &NAME&CNT
     else parse " " ...

     if (&N <> 3) or (&FLAGNG = Y) then smsg "qInvalid format
    for MODEM NAME/CLASS for Entry Name &ENT&CNT"
20     then substitute display cursor &calc(&CNT - 1 * 6 + 7)
     then return 1

    -CONT10

    -INCR
25     &CNT = &CNT + 1
    -VALIDATE
    * All fields were valid. Write records to configuration file.
      open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for output
      &hrc = &RC
      if (&hrc <> 0) then read line &Q1 "qCould not open file
30  &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Process aborted. Press ENTER."
      then stop
      write file #1 "&PATHSPEC"

      &CNT = 1
35      loop WRITE1 8

    * If Entry Name is blank, then don't write this record
      if (&ENT&CNT = "") then goto NEXTREC
      write file #1
40  "&ENT&CNT-&NUM&CNT-&SPEED&CNT-&PTYPE&CNT-&MTYPE&CNT-&NAME&CNT"
    -NEXTREC
      &CNT = &CNT + 1
    -WRITE1
      close #1
      smsg "qUpdate to configuration file complete..."
      wait 3
45  stop

    * Help routine
    -HELPl

```

50

55

```

* Make sure user's cursor is on an input field
  if (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "T") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1)
= "O") or (&substr(&SFIELD,1,1) = "0")
  then msg "qWhen selecting help, make sure cursor is on an
5 input field."
  then return
  &FLD = &substr(&SFIELD,2)          ;* get input field number
  display save                      ;* save video

* Help for receive file
10  if (&FLD = 1) then display panel CONFIGH1
  then goto USERINP
  if ((&FLD \ 6) = 0) then &FLD = 5
  else &FLD = &FLD \ 6 - 1

* Help for entry name
15  if (&FLD = "1") then display panel CONFIGH2
  then goto USERINP

* Help for port number
  if (&FLD = "2") then display panel CONFIGH3
20  then goto USERINP

* Help for modem speed
  if (&FLD = "3") then display panel CONFIGH4
  then goto USERINP

25  * Help for port type
  if (&FLD <> "4") then goto CONT11

-CONT12
  display panel CONFIGH5

-CONT13
30  display input &RESPONSE
  if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
  then return
  if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT13
  display panel CONFIGH6

35  -CONT14
  display input &RESPONSE
  if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
  then return
  if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT14
40  goto CONT12

* Help for modem type
-CONT11
  if (&FLD <> "5") then goto CONT15

-CONT16
45  display panel CONFIGH7

-CONT17
  display input &RESPONSE
  if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
  then return

```

50

55

```
if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT17
display panel CONFIGH8
```

-CONT18

```
display input &RESPONSE
if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
then return
if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT18
goto CONT16
```

-CONT15

```
* Help for modem name or class
if (&FLD <> "0") then goto USERINP
```

-CONT19

```
display panel CONFIGH9
```

-CONT20

```
display input &RESPONSE
if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
then return
if (&RESPONSE <> PGDN) then goto CONT20
display panel CONFIGHA
```

-CONT21

```
display input &RESPONSE
if (&RESPONSE = ESCAPE) then display restore
then return
if (&RESPONSE <> PGUP) then goto CONT21
goto CONT19
```

* Wait until user presses escape

-USERINP

```
display input &RESPONSE
if (&RESPONSE <> ESCAPE) then goto USERINP
else display restore
else return
```

```

* Script: REM1.SCR
*
* Function: Main driving script for Remote PC
5
* Globalize vars
  on error

* Debug on ?
  if (&l = "DEBUG") then define &DEBUG = "Y"
10
  then strace newlog
  else define &DEBUG = "N"

* Provide mechanism to allow user to abort via function key F10
  global &GETOUT
  &GETOUT = N
15
  ON ATTNKEY F10 &GETOUT = Y

  clear
  smsg "qInitialization in progress ... one moment please."
  global &APPLDR                      ;* application drive
  global &NUMPORTS                    ;* # of avail. ports on PC
20

* Get script application drive
  &APPLDR = &option(SDRIVE)

* Make sure path is suffixed with a backslash
25
  if (&substr(&APPLDR,&length(&APPLDR),1) <> '\') then
  &APPLDR = "&APPLDR\"

* Read configuration file into RAM vars
  ex REM2

30
* Check if user pressed F10 to abort
  if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2

* Start multiple sessions
  ex REM3
  &HRC = &retcode
35

* If any failures on sessions, then stop script and exit relay
  if (&HRC = 1) then quiet stop all
  smsg "qSession start successful..."

* Erase all files in inbound directory with spec. FILE*. and
40
  MAP.DAT
  quiet erase &INDIR.FILE*.
  quiet erase &INDIR.MAP.DAT

* Wait for central PC to call and transfer all files
  &CNT = 1
45
  loop INFIN *

* Check if user pressed F10 to abort
  if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2
50

```

55

```

* Check if any ports have received confirmation from the central
PC that
* all pending files have been transferred or are in the progress
of being
* transferred
5      &CHANGE = N
      loop CHECKST &NUMPORTS

* If debug on, wait 2 seconds so trace doesn't get large
      if (&DEBUG = "Y") then wait 2
10

* Check if user pressed F10 to abort
      if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2

      if (&HSTAT&CNT <> &OLD&CNT) then &OLD&CNT = &HSTAT&CNT
      then &CHANGE = Y
15

      if (&HSTAT&CNT = "DONE") then gosub SHOWDISP
      then goto CHECKKAG
      &CNT = &CNT + 1

-CHECKST
20      if (&CHANGE = Y) then gosub SHOWDISP
      &CNT = 1

-INFIN

* Wait until all online activity has ended
-CHECKKAG
25      &CNT = 1
      loop INFIN2 *
      loop CHECKST2 &NUMPORTS

* If debug on, wait 2 seconds so trace doesn't get large
      if (&DEBUG = "Y") then wait 2
30

* Check if user pressed F10 to abort
      if (&GETOUT = Y) then goto ALLDONE2

* If any online activity detected, then continue checking activity
      if (&HSTAT&CNT = "ONLINE") then &CNT = 1
35      then goto -INFIN2
      &CNT = &CNT + 1

-CHECKST2
      goto CONT5
40
-INFIN2

-CONT5

* Check if we already waited an additional 70 seconds to make sure
all
45 * online activity was done
      if (&DONEFLAG = Y) then goto ALLDONE

* Set flag
50

```

55


```

&DONEFLAG = Y

* Wait 70 seconds in case a line drop occurred and a re-dial was
5 in progress
*   wait 70
   goto CHECKAG

-ALLDONE
10 clear

                                     s   m   s   g
"q*-----*
    msg "q "
    msg "q Online file transfer's complete"
    msg "q "
15                                     s   m   s   g
"q*-----*
    msg "q "
    msg "q "
    msg "q "

20 * Join sub-files into master files (if necessary)
   gosub JOIN

-ALLDONE2
* If old online profile existed before application ran, then
25 restore old profile
* Otherwise erase online profile from relay's directory
   if exists &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD then copyfile &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD
&RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
   then erase &RUNREL.RELAY.HLD
   else &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
30

*
* Cancel all sessions
*
   &KILLNUM = 2   ;* init 1st session # to kill

35 * Loop session #2 to last session
   loop KILLSESS while (&KILLNUM <= &calc(&NUMPORTS + 1))

* Request to kill session
   gosub cancel &KILLNUM
   &HRC = &retcode
40

   &KILLNUM = &KILLNUM + 1
-KILLSESS

    msg "qApplication stopped ... Relay Gold has exited
45 memory."
    quiet stop all      ;* thats it folks !!

-CANCEL quiet session stop &1
        if (&RC>0) return &RC
        msg "q "
50

55

```

```

    smsg "QCancelling session #&1. Please Stand by."
    global &CANCEL
    &CANCEL = "NO"
    on timer 5 &CANCEL = "YES"
5
    loop -canwait while (&CANCEL="NO")
        quiet session status &1
    -CANWAIT    if (&RC>0) goto -CANSTOP
10
    -CANSTOP on timer
        return 0

    -SHOWDISP
        clear
        &X = 1
        smsg "q"
        smsg "q "
15
        Communication Status"
        s m s g
        "q*-----*
        -----*
        loop CHECKST &NUMPORTS
            smsg "qSESSION #&X: &HSTAT&X"
            &X = &X + 1
20
    -CHECKST
        s m s g
        "q*-----*
        -----*
25
        return

    *-----*
    -----*
    * Subroutine to join multiple files into one file
    *-----*
30
    -JOIN

    * Load MAP.DAT into RAM
        if not exists &INDIR.MAP.DAT then return
35
        smsg "qJoining sub-files into master files ... One moment
        please."
        open &INDIR.MAP.DAT as #1 for input
        &HRC = &rc
        if (&HRC <> 0) then smsg "qCould not open MAP.DAT ... Join
40
        aborted."
        then goto DONEJOIN
        &CNT = 1
        loop READIN *
            read file #1 &RECSTR
            if not found then goto DONEMAP
45
            &MAP&CNT = &RECSTR
            &CNT = &CNT + 1
        -READIN
        -DONEMAP
        &TOTMAP = &CNT - 1
50
55

```

```

close #1

* Take snapshot of all temp files
dosdir &INDIR.FILE*.* &ENTRYCT &FN &FEXT
5 if (&ENTRYCT = 0) then smsg "qTemp files not found ... Join
aborted."
then goto DONEJOIN

* Sort array by filenames
sortarray &FN &ENTRYCT ORDER &FEXT
10 &CNT = 1

* loop for # of temp files
loop JOIN1 while (&CNT <= &ENTRYCT)

* Make sure all temp files are found to construct original file
15 &PTR = &CNT ;* save pointer of
1st record
&OLDFN = &FN&CNT ;* store filename
&TEMPCNT = 1 ;* init # of TEMP
files found
&MAXTEMP = &substr(&FEXT&CNT,2,1) ;* get total # of
20 temp files
loop COUNTTEMP *
&CNT = &CNT + 1

* If temp filename hasn't changed, then increment temp file counter
25 if (&OLDFN = &FN&CNT) then &TEMPCNT = &TEMPCNT + 1

* If temp file counter matches the correct # of temp files for this
original
* file
if (&TEMPCNT = &MAXTEMP) then goto JOIN2
30

* If filenames changed, then we didn't receive all temp files
(don't join)
if (&OLDFN <> &FN&CNT) then goto JOIN1
-COUNTTEMP

35 -JOIN2
* Join files
* Get original filename
&XT = 1
loop FINDORIG &TOTMAP
40 (&instr(&substr(&MAP&XT,&calc(&instr(&MAP&XT,"")+1)),&OLDFN)>0)
then goto GOTMATCH
&XT = &XT + 1
-FINDORIG
-GOTMATCH
45

* Assign original filename
& N E W N A M E =
&substr(&MAP&XT,1,&calc(&instr(&MAP&XT,"")-1))
50

55

```

```

* Open destination file
  open &INDIR.&NEWNAME as #1 for output stream binary
  &HRC = &rc
  if (&HRC <> 0) then msg "qCould not open file
5  &INDIR.&NEWNAME. Join aborted."
    then goto JOIN1

* Write temp files to destination file
  &OCNT = &PTR
  loop WRITEOUT &MAXTEMP
10  open &INDIR.&FN&OCNT...&FEXT&OCNT as #2 for input
    stream binary
    &HRC = &rc
    if (&HRC <> 0) then msg "qCould not open file
&INDIR.&FN&OCNT...&FEXT&OCNT. Join aborted."
15    then msg "qFile &INDIR.&NEWNAME could not be joined."
      then goto JOIN1

    loop WRITE2 *
      read file #2 &RECSTR length 256
      if not found then goto DONE3
      write file #1 &RECSTR
20  -WRITE2
  -DONE3

    close #2
    &OCNT = &OCNT + 1
  -WRITEOUT
25  close #1

  -JOIN1
  -DONEJOIN
* Erase any sub-files and mapping file
  quiet erase &INDIR.FILE*.
30  quiet erase &INDIR.MAP.DAT
  return

```

35

40

45

50

55

```

* SCRIPT: REM2.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Read configuration and telephone files into RAM vars

5
    on error
    on attnkey F10 &GETOUT = Y

* Read configuration file
10    if not exists &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT then clear
    then msg "q&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT does not exists.
Application cannot continue."
    then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

15 * Load records in configuration file into vars
    &NUMPORTS = 0                ;* init # of valid ports

    open &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT as #1 for input
    if (&retcode <> 0) then clear
    then msg "qProblem opening file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT.
20 Application cannot continue."
    then read line &Q1 "qPress ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

* Read 1st record (incoming directory)
25    read file #1 &XINDIR
    if not found then clear
    then msg "q1st record in file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT must be
incoming directory name."
    then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press
ENTER."
    then quiet stop all
30    &XINDIR = &trim(&XINDIR)
    if (&substr(&XINDIR,&length(&XINDIR),1) <> '\') then
&XINDIR = "&XINDIR\"

* Make sure incoming directory exists
35    quiet mkdir &XINDIR
    substitute define &.INDIR = &XINDIR

* Loop until end of file
    loop READREC *
40    read file #1 &RECSTR        ;* read a record
    if not found then goto CONT1 ;* EOF ?

    argstring &RECSTR            ;* breakout tokens
    parse "~" ...                ;* parse using the tilde

45 * Make sure we have 6 parameters
    if (&N <> 6) then clear
    then msg "qInvalid # of parameters in line
#&calc(&NUMPORTS +1) of file &APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT."
50
55

```

```

then read line &Q1 "qApplication cannot continue. Press
ENTER."
then quiet stop all
5
* Increment port counter
  &NUMPORTS = &NUMPORTS + 1

* Assign entry name
  substitute define &.EN&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&1))"
10
* Assign port #
  global &PORT&NUMPORTS
  &PORT&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&2)"

* Assign modem speed
15
  global &SPEED&NUMPORTS
  &SPEED&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&3))"

* Assign port type
  global &PTYPE&NUMPORTS
20
  &PTYPE&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&4))"

* Assign modem type
  global &MODEM&NUMPORTS
  &MODEM&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&5))"

25
* Assign modem name/class
  global &MNAME&NUMPORTS
  &MNAME&NUMPORTS = "&trim(&upper(&6))"

* Make sure relay's setting match configuration file
  quiet directory query &EN&NUMPORTS MSPEED &HSPEED TYPE
30
  &HTYPE COMPORT &HPORT
  &HRC = &retcode

* If entry name does not exist, then build it with appropriate
  options
  if (&HRC = 2) then gosub BUILDENT
35
  then goto CONT4

* Make sure modem speed, comm port and type of connection are
  correct in Relay's
* Directory of Computers
  if (&HSPEED <> &SPEED&NUMPORTS) or (&HPORT <>
40
  &PORT&NUMPORTS) or (&HTYPE <> "RELAY")
  then quiet directory update "&EN&NUMPORTS" MSPEED
  &SPEED&NUMPORTS TYPE RELAY COMPORT &PORT&NUMPORTS

-CONT4
45
* Make sure port type, modem type and modem name/class are correct
  in Relay's
* personal computer options
  reset &HTYPE;reset &HMODEM;reset &HNAME
  quiet directory option comport &PORT&NUMPORTS &HTYPE
  &HMODEM &HNAME
50

```

55

```

        if ("%HTYPE" <> "%PTYPE&NUMPORTS") or ("%HMODEM" <>
"%MODEM&NUMPORTS") or ("%HNAME" <> "%MNAME&NUMPORTS")
        then quiet directory soption comport %PORT&NUMPORTS
&PTYPE&NUMPORTS %MODEM&NUMPORTS "%MNAME&NUMPORTS"
5
-READREC
-CONT1
    close #1

* Make sure remote PC has at least 1 com port
10
    if (&NUMPORTS < 1) then clear
    then smsg "qThere must be at least 1 com port for
application to run. Check file"
    then read line %Q1 "q&APPLDR.CONFIG.DAT. Press ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

15
* Get directory relay gold is running in
    global &RUNREL
    &RUNREL = &RDRIVE
    if (&substr(&RUNREL,&length(&RUNREL),1) <> '\') then
&RUNREL = "%RUNREL\"

20
* Copy application online profile to relay's directory
    if exists &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP then copyfile &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
&RUNREL.RELAY.HLD
    then copyfile &APPLDR.RELAY.ONP &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP
    else copyfile &APPLDR.RELAY.ONP &RUNREL.RELAY.ONP

25
* Return control to calling script (normal termination)
    quiet stop

* Subroutine to build an entry in the directory of computers
-BUILDENT

30
* Build entry name using entry name 'A PC' as the model
    quiet directory add "%EN&NUMPORTS" "A PC"
    &HRC = &retcode

* Entry name 'A PC' not found ?
35
    if (&HRC = 2) then clear
    then smsg "qEntry Name 'A PC' must be created on your copy
of Relay Gold. To create"
    then smsg "qa new Entry Name, enter the Directory of
Computers and copy an entry of"
    then read line %Q1 "qTYPE 'PC'. Then, name the new Entry
40
Name 'A PC'. Press ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

* No room on disk ?
    if (&HRC = 3) then clear
45
    then read line %Q1 "qNo room on disk to create new entry
name. Press ENTER."
    then quiet stop all

50

* Update new entry name with proper modem speed, type, comments,

    quiet directory update "%EN&NUMPORTS" MSPEED
&SPEED&NUMPORTS TYPE RELAY COMMENTS "PORT %&NUMPORTS FOR SCRIPT"
55
COMPORT %PORT&NUMPORTS TELEPHONE ""
    return
^Z

```

```

* REM3.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Invokes relay sessions
5  * Allow script to perform error processing
    on error
    on attnkey F10 &GETOUT = Y

* If RAM exceeded, then provide error message
10  on nomemory msg "qOUT OF MEMORY SESSION";STRACE OFF

* Specifies the session name suffix (ASYNCl) etc.
    &ASYNCCNUM = 1

* Iterate # of sessions specified
15  loop ASYNC while (&ASYNCCNUM <= &NUMPORTS)

* Call subroutine to invoke a new async session
    gosub DOASYNC

* Init session status
20  define &HSTAT&ASYNCCNUM = "OFFLINE"

* Increment for next async session
    &ASYNCCNUM = &ASYNCCNUM + 1
-ASYNC
25  * Terminate script (normal termination)
    quiet stop 0

* This subroutine invokes an async session
-DOASYNC

30  * Invoke a new async session and execute script REM4.SCR.
    * Assign a session name with ASYNCC&ASYNCCNUM format where &ASYNCCNUM
    is the
    * current session being invoked.

                                     s e s s i o n   s t a r t
35  REM4/X:"&ASYNCCNUM"/SD:"&APPLDR"/NAME:"ASYNC&ASYNCCNUM"/SL:4

* Wait 20 seconds for the session to be established
    wait 20 (&sescount = &calc(&ASYNCCNUM + 1))

40  * If session was not established successfully, then jump to error
    routine.
    if timeout then goto NG

* Provide check to make sure session was completely established
before proceeding.
45  &XCNT = 1
    loop -CANWAIT1 *
        session status #2 &NX &STX
        if (&rc = 0) then goto CANSTOP1
        wait 1;&XCNT = &XCNT + 1
        if (&XCNT > 45) then goto NG
50
55

```


-CANWAIT1

* Provide error message if session was not established.

-NG

clear

open &APPLDR.LOG as #1 for append

write file #1 "&DATE &TIME Not able to bring up Session
#&ASYNCTNUM."

read line &Q1 "qNot able to bring up Session #&ASYNCTNUM.

Press ESCAPE."

quiet stop 1 ;* return error code

-CANSTOP1

* Return to caller

return

^Z

```

* SCRIPT: REM4.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Places PC in answer mode, performs recoveries etc. for
each session
5  *
      on the remote pc

* if debug is on, then invoke trace
      if (&DEBUG = Y) then strace LOG&SESSIONID
      on error
10      on nomemory msg "qOut of memory session # &SESSIONID

      global &ASYNCCNUM

* Assign communications session number
      &ASYNCCNUM = &1

15 * Retrieve communication port # for this session
      directory query &EN&ASYNCCNUM comport &HPORT

* Retrieve modem type for this session
      directory qoption comport &HPORT &DUMMY1 &MODEMNAME

20 * If modem type is QX (Microcom), then set special modem variable
to
* submit 'AT' instruction to modem
      if (&upper(&MODEMNAME) = QX) then global &$MICMD
*
      then &$MICMD = "\N3\Q3\J0&C3"

25 * For super duper QX/4232hs (latest & greatest)
      then &$MICMD = "%C0&G1&BT12000"

* Place session in answer mode.
-WAITANS
30      answer "&EN&ASYNCCNUM" ex REM5
      &HRC = &retcode

* Error messages based on return code
* If line dropped before xfer completed, then send file again
      if (&HRC = 99) then &MESSG = "Inadvertent line drop before
35 file transfer was completed."
      else if (&HRC = 66) then &MESSG = "Normal disconnect from
PC"
      else if (&HRC = 2) then &MESSG = "Insufficient memory for
the connection."
40      else if (&HRC = 3) then &MESSG = "Communication port is not
operational."
      else if (&HRC = 4) then &MESSG = "User pressed ESC
cancelling the wait."
      else if (&HRC = 5) then &MESSG = "The modem is not
responding properly."
45      else if (&HRC = 6) then &MESSG = "No carrier detected on
line."
      else if (&HRC = 8) then &MESSG = "Voice detected on
telephone line."

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      else if (&HRC = 15) then &MESSG = "Entry Name
'&EN&ASYNCRUM' not in the Directory of Computers."
      else if (&HRC = 98) then &MESSG = "Problem with initial
5 connection."
      smsg "q&MESSG"

* Check for fatal codes
      if (&HRC = 2) or (&HRC = 3) or (&HRC = 4) or (&HRC = 15)
10 then &MESSG = "Fatal error for Entry Name &EN&ASYNCRUM -
port unusable."
      then smsg "q&MESSG"
      then smsg "qSession idle"
      then quiet stop all

15 * Check if no more files to be received from central PC
      if (&HRC = 66) then define &HSTAT&ASYNCRUM = "DONE"
      then smsg "qSession idle"
      then quiet stop all

20 * Place session back into answer mode
      goto WAITANS
^Z

```

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```

* SCRIPT: REM5.SCR
*
* FUNCTION: Performs online duties for communication session
5      on error

* Use relay's compressed protocol (type RC)
*      set protocol relay compress

* Switch to split screen mode
10    *      switch relay

* If relay's protocol not established in 60 seconds, then hangup

      wait 60 (&CSerial <> "")
      if timeout then hangup 98
15

* Use hardware flow control
*      wait 1
*      substi session switch #&calc(&asynnum + 1)
*      set insmode off      ;* turn off insert mode
*      stack "[ESCAPE][F5][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB][TAB]H[enter]"
20

*      wait 1
*      reset &receive      ;* in case any junk chars
*      session switch #1

* If inadvertent line drop occurs, then tell offline script to
25 place in
* answer mode
      on disconnect hangup 99

* If line goes idle for more than 1 minute, then hangup
30      on idle 100 hangup 99

* Set inbound path
      set rdrive &INDIR

* Set session status
35      define &HSTAT&ASYNUM = "ONLINE"

* Set the script control character to hex 24 (char-> $)
      set scriptctl x"24"
      quiet stop
40    ^Z

```

Claims

- 45 1. What is claimed is a parallel rule-based data transmission process comprising the steps of:
- (a) sensing the data file characteristics,
 - (b) assigning a unique file identifier to each data file wherein said file identifier uniquely names each file and serves to designate its destination,
 - (c) rule-based segmentation of the said data files which uses the data file characteristics and the
 - 50 available data transmission channels to allocate data files or data file segments over available data transmission channels,
 - (d) assigning segment identifiers to each file segment created by the rule-based segmentation step,
 - (e) applying a data compression algorithm to the data file or data file segments to be transmitted,
 - (f) simultaneous transmission of the data file or data file segments over multiple transmission
 - 55 channels,
 - (g) receipt of said transmitted data file or data file segments at a receiving computer,
 - (h) identifying the data compression scheme applied to the data file or data file segments,
 - (i) decompressing the data file or data file segments,

- (j) sensing the end of transmission (ETX) signal
- (k) rendering the receiving computer in an on-hook condition
- (l) reassembling the data file segments based upon the file segment identifiers,
- (m) storing the decompressed reassembled data files.

5

- 2. The parallel rule-based data transmission process of claim 1 wherein each data transmission channel comprises a transmission communication port, transmission modem, a transmission medium, receiving modem, and a receiving port.

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- 3. The parallel rule-based data transmission process of Claim 2 further comprising the steps of sensing data transmission channel condition on a continuous basis during transmission to determine when the signal to noise ratio of any single transmission channel falls below a given threshold and reallocating those data files or data file segments on the said sensed malfunctioning channel to other properly operating data transmission channels.

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- 4. A parallel rule-based data transmission process according to Claim 3 wherein said data transmission channels are selected from the group comprising serial data transmission and parallel data transmission.

20

- 5. A parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus comprising data transmission channel means over which data files or data file segments are transmitted, data processing means including logic means for applying rule-based software, data storage means to store data files for transmission, means for assigning a unique file identifier including file destination, random access memory means for storing file segmentation rules, file segmentation rules stored in said random-access-memory means and accessed by the logic means for performing file segmentation based upon data file characteristics and available data transmission channel means, data compression means for compressing the data files or data file segments based upon the data file characteristics, data decompression means for decompressing the compressed data file or data file segments data storage means to store the decompressed data file and data file segments and data file reassembly means to reassemble the data file segments transmitted into a single data file.

25

- 6. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 5 wherein said data transmission channel comprises a transmission communication port, transmission modem, receiving modem and receiving port.

30

- 7. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 6 wherein said data storage means further includes a means for storing a plurality of unique destination identifiers and associated telephone numbers or network addresses.

35

- 8. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 7 wherein said unique file identifier includes a file destination on a private data network.

- 9. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 7 wherein said unique file identifier includes a file destination on a public switched network.

40

- 10. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 5 wherein said data transmission channel means comprises multiple data transmission channels over which data files or data file segments are transmitted simultaneously.

45

- 11. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 10 wherein said data processing means comprising logic means to permit multiple data transmission sessions to occur simultaneously without the need to load multiple copies of software in the said random-access-memory.

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- 12. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 11 wherein the said rules further comprise rules for least cost routing to reduce transmission costs.

55

- 13. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 11 further comprising emulation to permit data transmission from the group comprising PC to mainframe, mainframe to mainframe,

mainframe to PC, terminal to mainframe, terminal to PC, terminal to terminal communication.

14. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 11 further comprising read only memory for storing rules, logic control means, and data communication software instructions.

5

15. The parallel rule-based data transmission apparatus according to Claim 6 wherein said transmission and receiving ports are from the group comprising parallel computer ports and serial computer ports.

10 16. A rule-based parallel data transmission system comprising a plurality of data transmission channels, file segmentation rules which govern the segmentation of files based upon the availability of data transmission channels.

15 17. A parallel rule-based data transmission system of Claim 16 further comprising data compression means for compressing data transmitted over the said data transmission channels and further comprising data decompression means to decompress incoming data upon receipt at a destination.

20 18. A parallel rule-based data transmission system of Claim 17 further comprising line monitoring means for monitoring the signal to noise ratio of the data transmission channels and further comprising rules for reallocation of data files or data file segments files to properly operating data transmission channels when the signal to noise ratio monitored on any given data transmission channel falls below certain thresholds.

25 19. A parallel rule-based data transmission system of Claim 18 further comprising means of sensing the presence of binary or ASCII files and applying one compression algorithm when binary files are sensed and a different compression algorithm when ASCII files are sensed.

20. A parallel rule-based data transmission system according to Claim 1 or Claim 5 for use with the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) telecommunication standard.

30 21. A parallel rule-based data transmission system according to Claim 1 or Claim 5 wherein said segmentation rules dictate that files below a certain threshold are not segmented.

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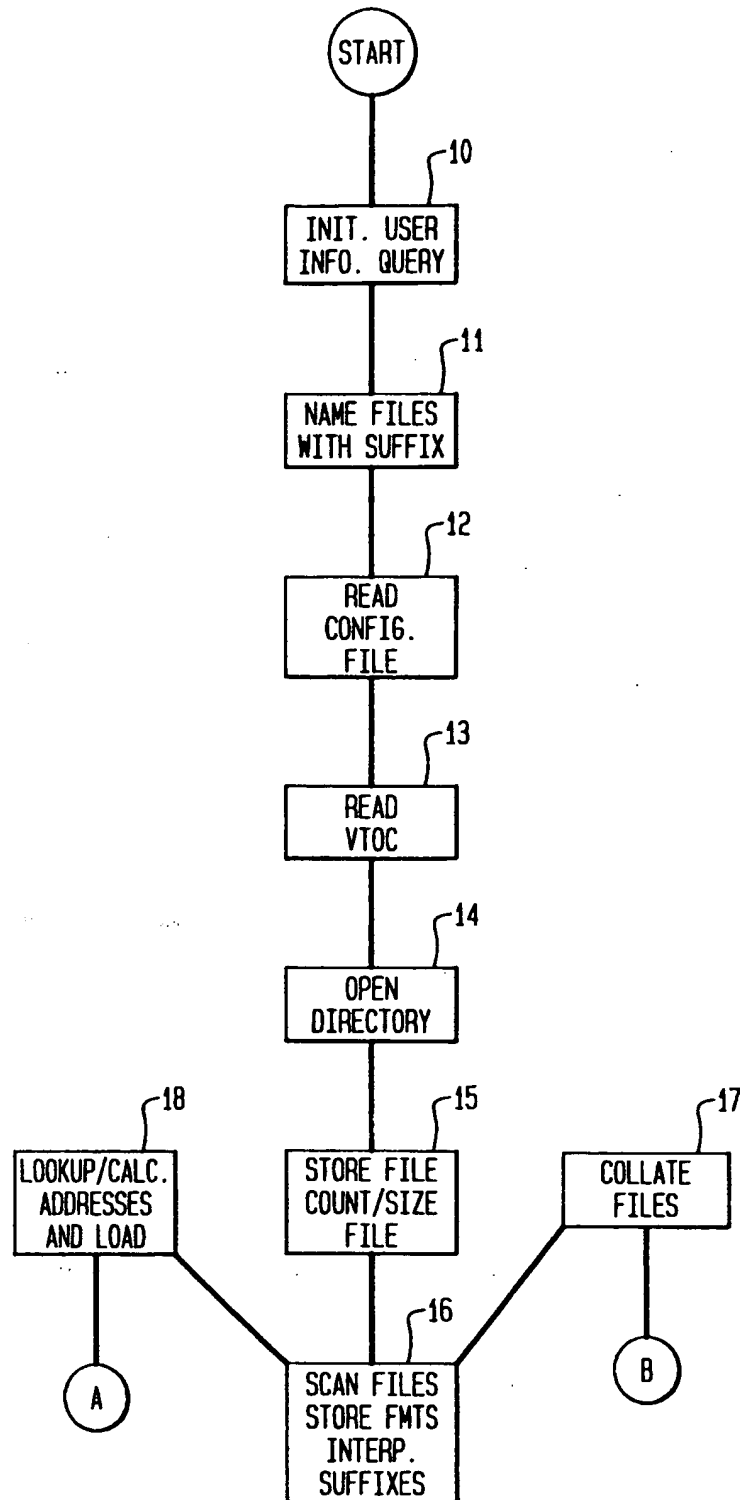


FIG. 1

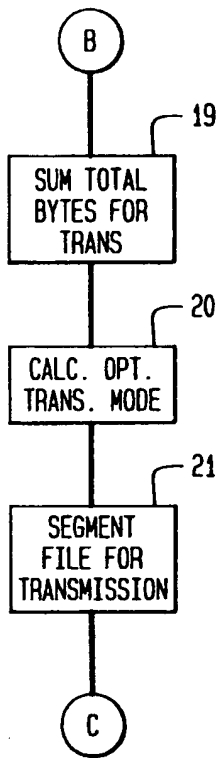


FIG. 2

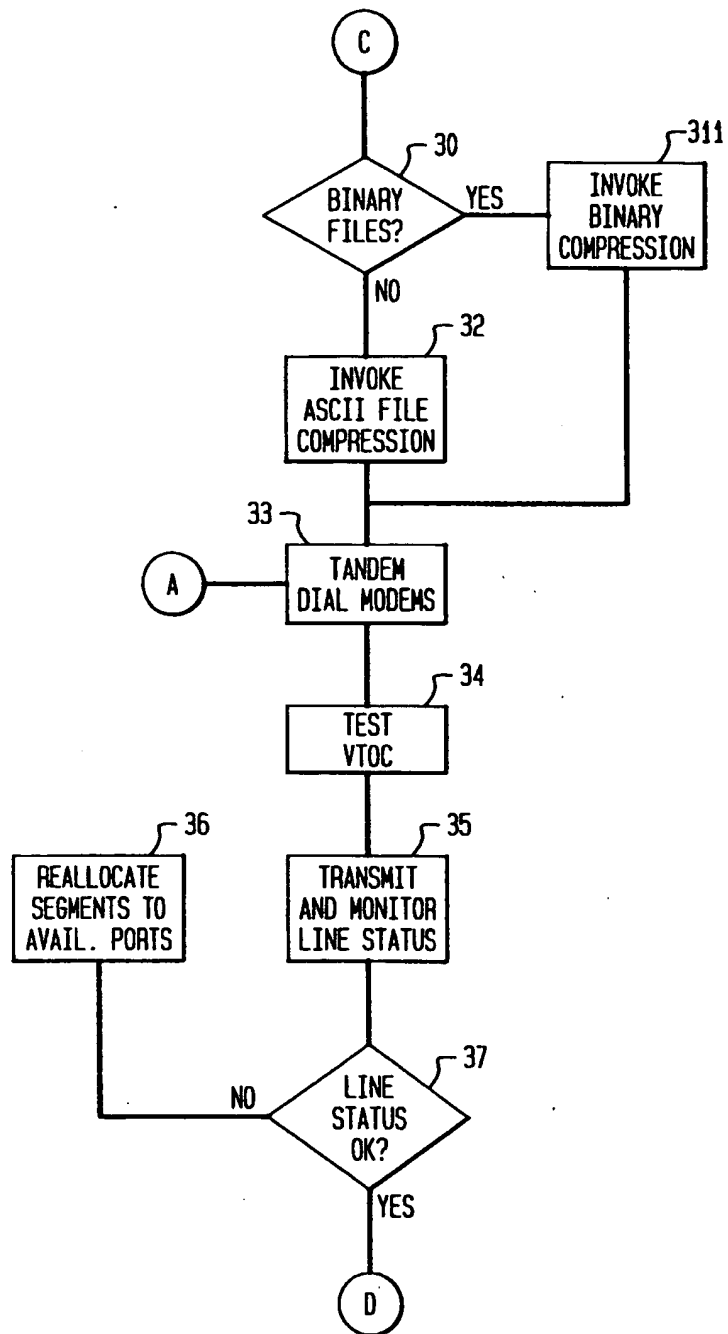


FIG. 3

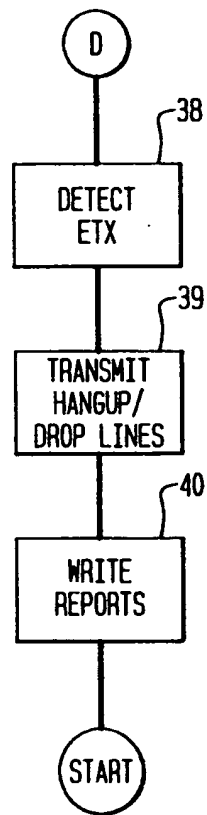


FIG. 4

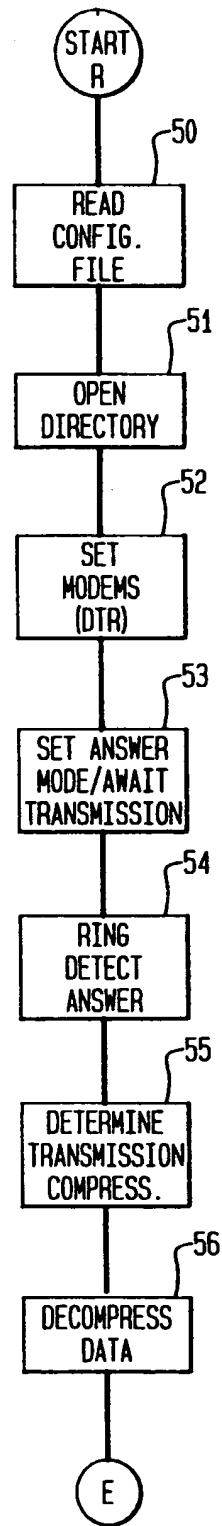


FIG. 5

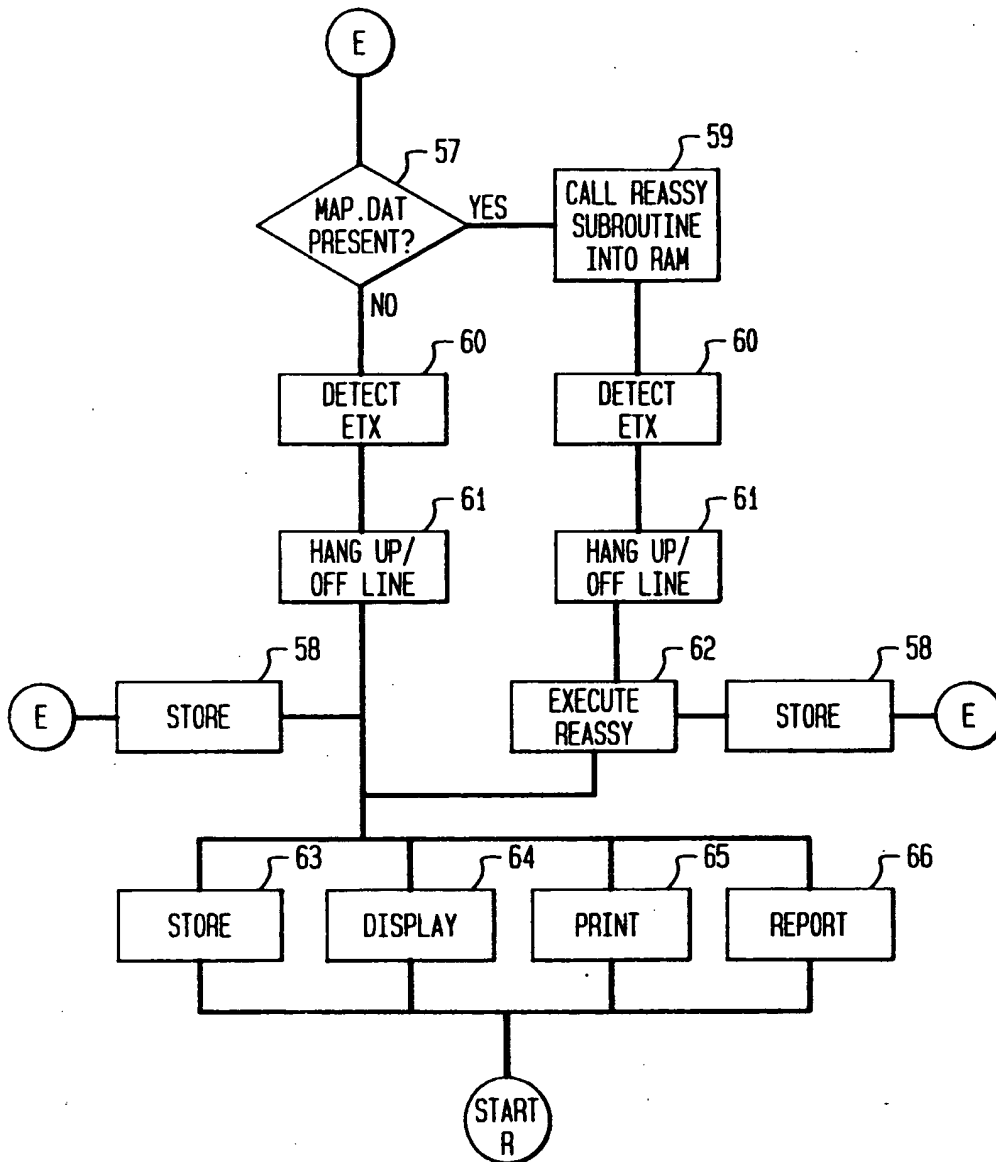


FIG. 6



European Patent
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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 91 30 4399

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. CLS)
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	
A	EP-A-0 224 895 (ATT) * page 3, line 13 - page 4, line 33 * * abstract * * claims 1,2 *	1,5,10, 16,17	H04L29/06
A	TELECOMMUNICATIONS, vol. 25, no. 1, January 1991, WASHINGTON US pages 78 - 79; D.CURL: 'NEW MODEM COMMUNICATIONS PROTOCOLS' * page 78, right column, line 4 - line 28 *	1-3,5, 10,16-19	
A	EP-A-0 413 074 (IBM) * page 4, line 22 - line 56 * * claim 1 *	1,5,10, 16	
A	GB-A-2 148 562 (MARCONI) * page 1, line 15 - line 38 * * page 6, line 56 - page 7, line 12 *	1,5,10, 16	
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. CLS)
			H04L G06F
Place of search			Date of completion of the search
THE HAGUE			11 AUGUST 1992
Examiner			CANOSA ARESTE C.
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